

# Evaluating Quality in CE's Proof of Concept Test

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# Outline

- Brief Background – CE Redesign (Gemini Project)
- Test Design
- High Level Results and Sample Analysis
- Data Quality
  - ▶ Recall and Records Interviews
  - ▶ Diaries
- The Good, the Bad, the Unknown...
- Next Steps



# What is the Gemini Project?

“...aims to redesign the Consumer Expenditure (CE) survey to improve data quality through a verifiable reduction in measurement error—particularly error caused by underreporting.”



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# Test Design

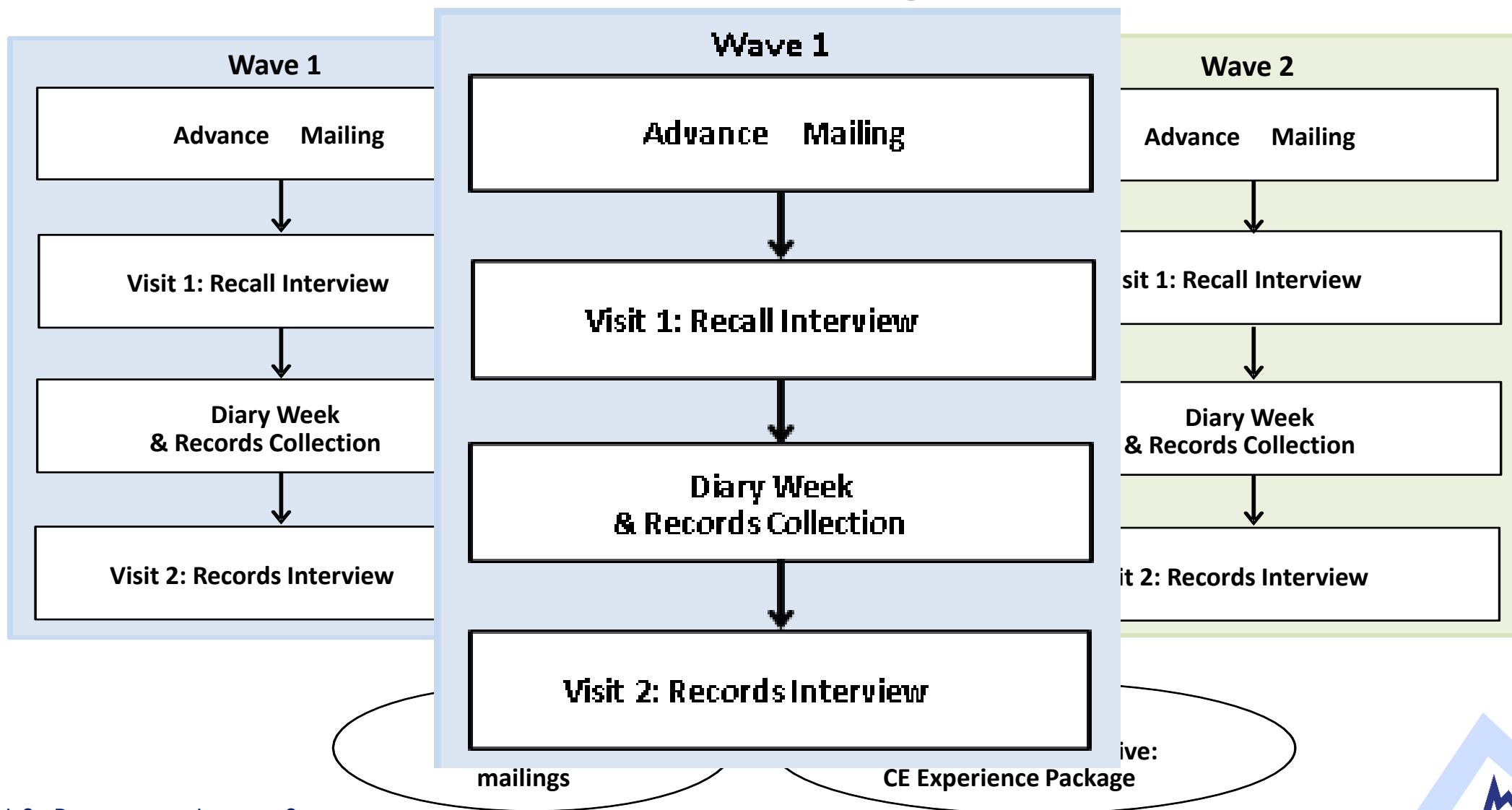


# Proof-of-Concept (POC) Test

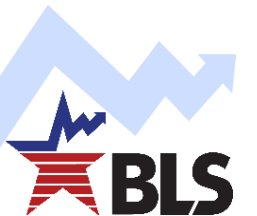
- Fielded July 2015 – Sep 2015
- Atlanta, Chicago, Denver, and New York Census Regional Offices
- Ensure that the basic underlying structure and components of the new design are feasible
- Designed to mirror the proposed design to the fullest extent possible



# Gemini Redesign Plan



# High Level Results and Sample Analysis





# Final Response

	N - complete	Response Rate (%)
Test	520	49.8
Control – CEQ (All waves)	1483	62.9
Control – CEQ (Wave 1)	365	64.4
Control – Diary	645	58.6



# Sample Characteristics

	Test (N=520)	Control – CEQ (N=1483)	Control – Diary (N=315)
<b>Race of Respondent</b>			
White	82.5	79.2	73.0
Black	11.9	15.0	12.1
Other	5.4	5.8	5.7
<b>Hispanic Origin of Respondent</b>	10.8	12.1	9.8
<b>Gender of Respondent</b>			
Female	54.8	54.2	47.6
Male	45.0	45.9	43.2
<b>Age of Respondent</b>			
Under 25 years	6.7	5.0	5.4
25-34 years	16.4	17.1	15.6
35-49 years	29.4	25.8	22.9
50-64 years	26.4	18.8	24.8
65 years and older	21.0	23.5	22.2



# Sample Characteristics

	Test (N=520)	Control – CEQ (N=1483)	Control – Diary (N=315)
<b>Education</b>			
Less than high school	7.5	8.3	7.3
High school grad	21.9	21.0	16.2
Some college	31.9	29.8	23.9
College grad	38.5	40.9	43.5
<b>Household Size</b>			
Single person	30.4	30.8	34.9
2-3	46.2	47.9	45.1
4+	23.5	21.3	20.0
<b>Housing Tenure</b>			
Renter	41.0	37.0	36.8
Owner	59.0	63.0	63.2



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# Sample Characteristics

Income			
	N	Average	Median
Test	520	\$71,526	\$45,404
Control-CEQ	1483	\$66,666	\$43,459
Control-CED	283	\$74,057	\$50,000

No significant differences.



# Data Quality

## – Recall and Records Interviews



# Total Expenditures – Records and Recall

	N	Average	Median
Test	520	\$10,784	\$7,457
Control-CEQ	1483	\$10,157	\$7,334



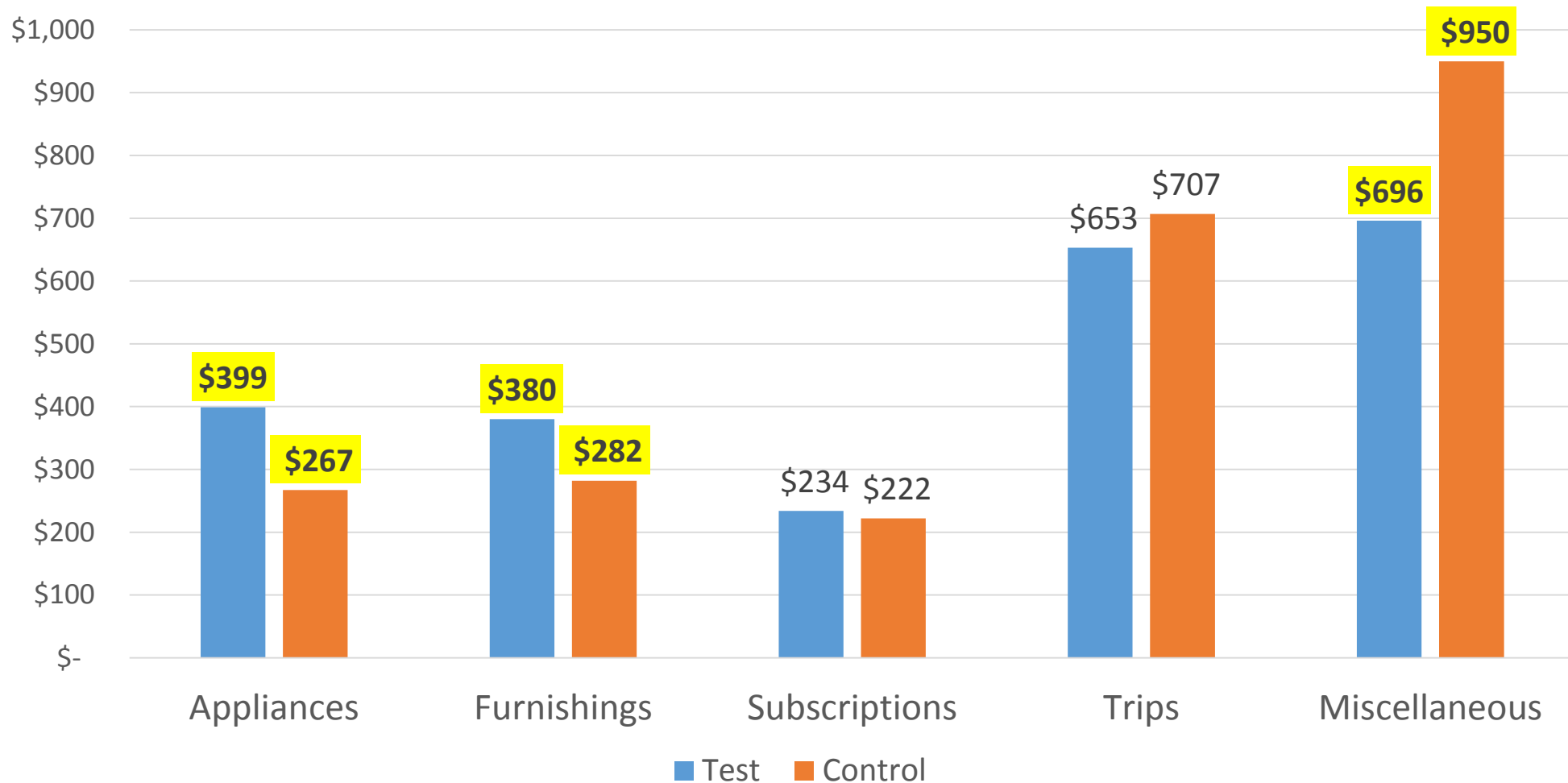
# Model of log (interview expenditure totals) by sample condition and associated covariates (n=1,997)

	Coefficient	Standard Error
Intercept	8.035	(0.082)
Income	0.391***	(0.018)
Multi-member CU	0.343***	(0.038)
Homeowner	0.133***	(0.036)
POC CU	-0.036	(0.040)
Education Level	0.150***	(0.017)
Race of Respondent	-0.186***	(0.041)
At Least Some Record Use	0.146***	(0.036)
All Valid Blanks	-0.779***	(0.076)
Model R <sup>2</sup>	0.454	



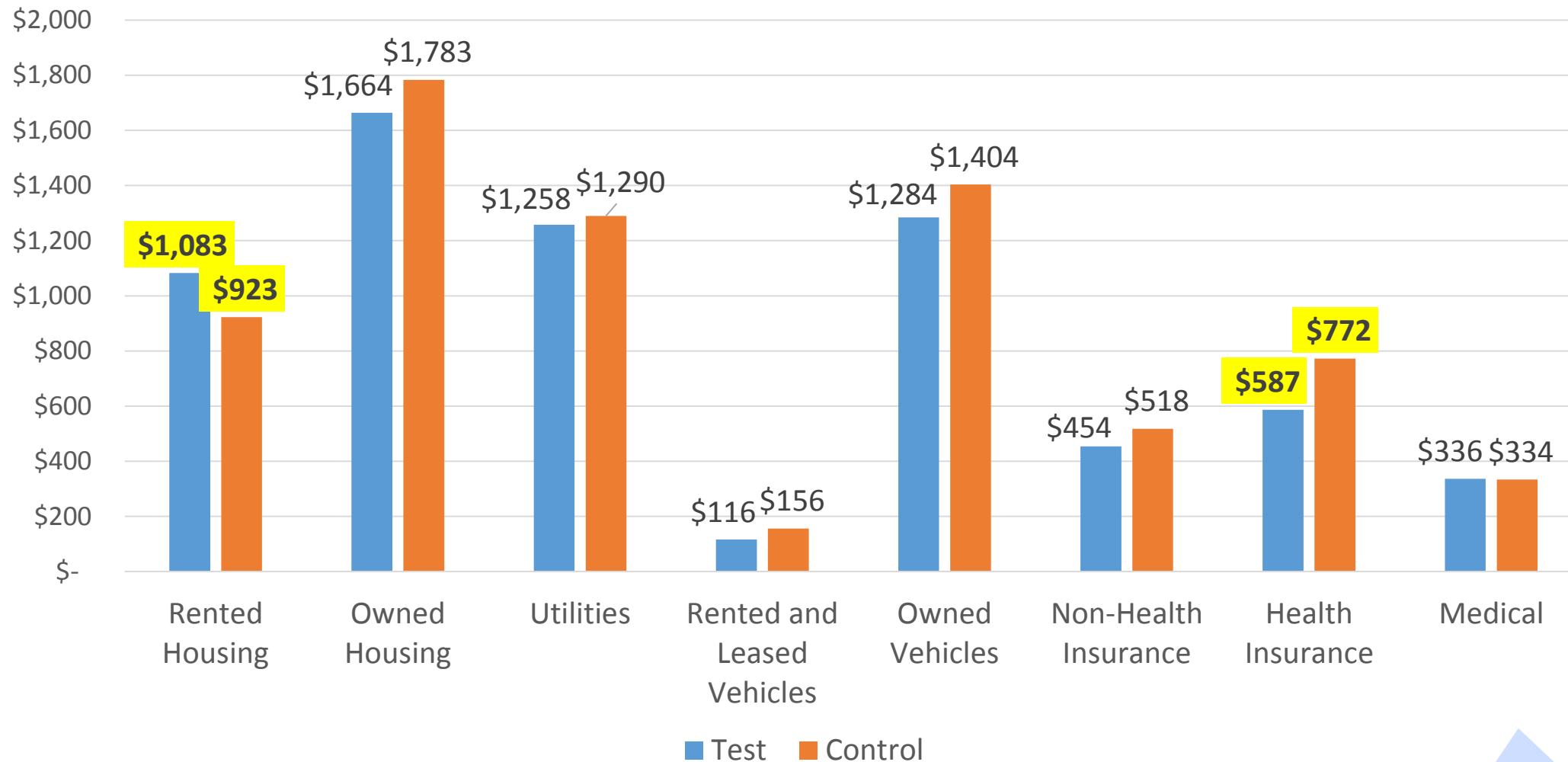


# Visit 1 - Recall Expenditures



Highlighted labels indicate significant difference between the test and control using a Wilcoxon-Z test statistic

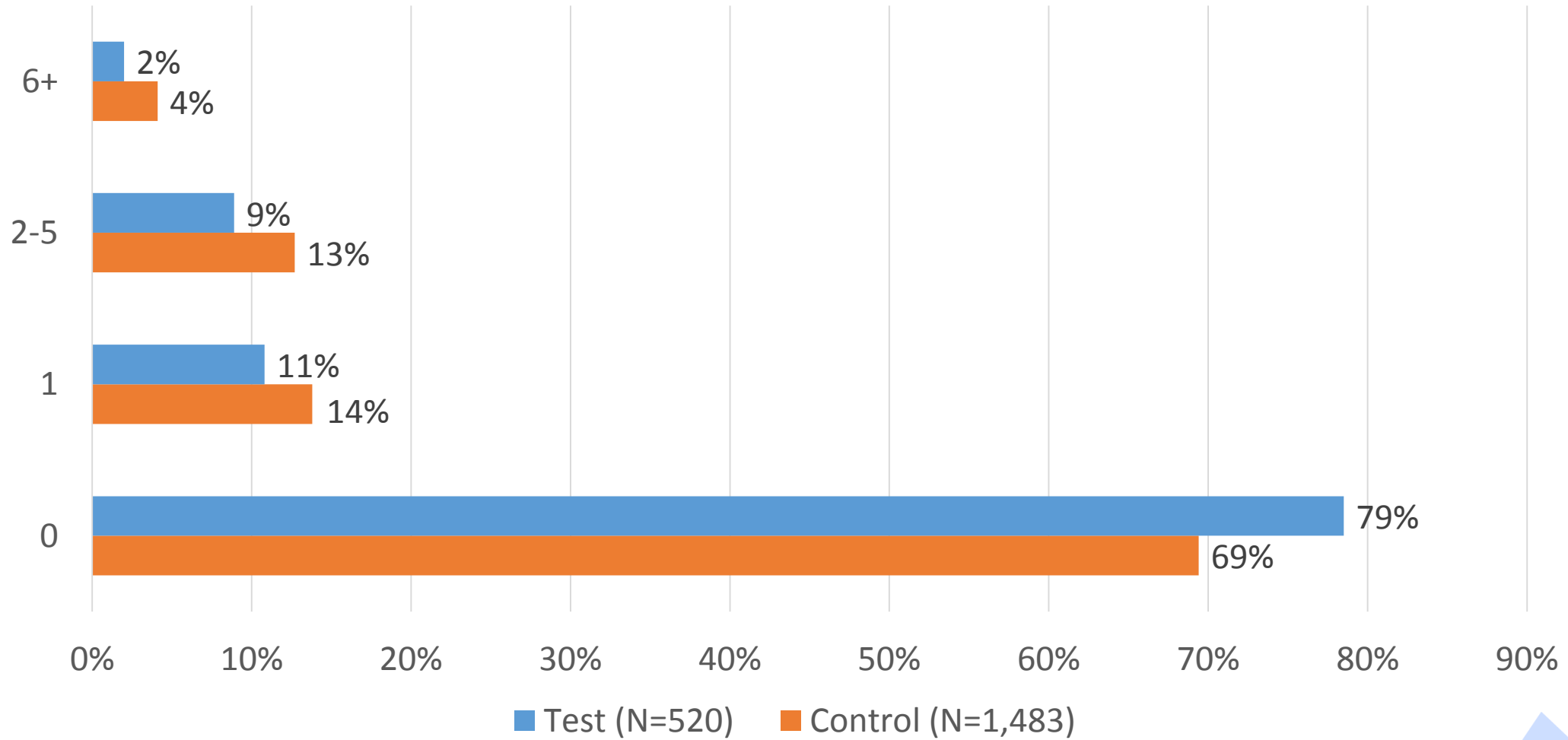
# Visit 2 - Records Expenditures



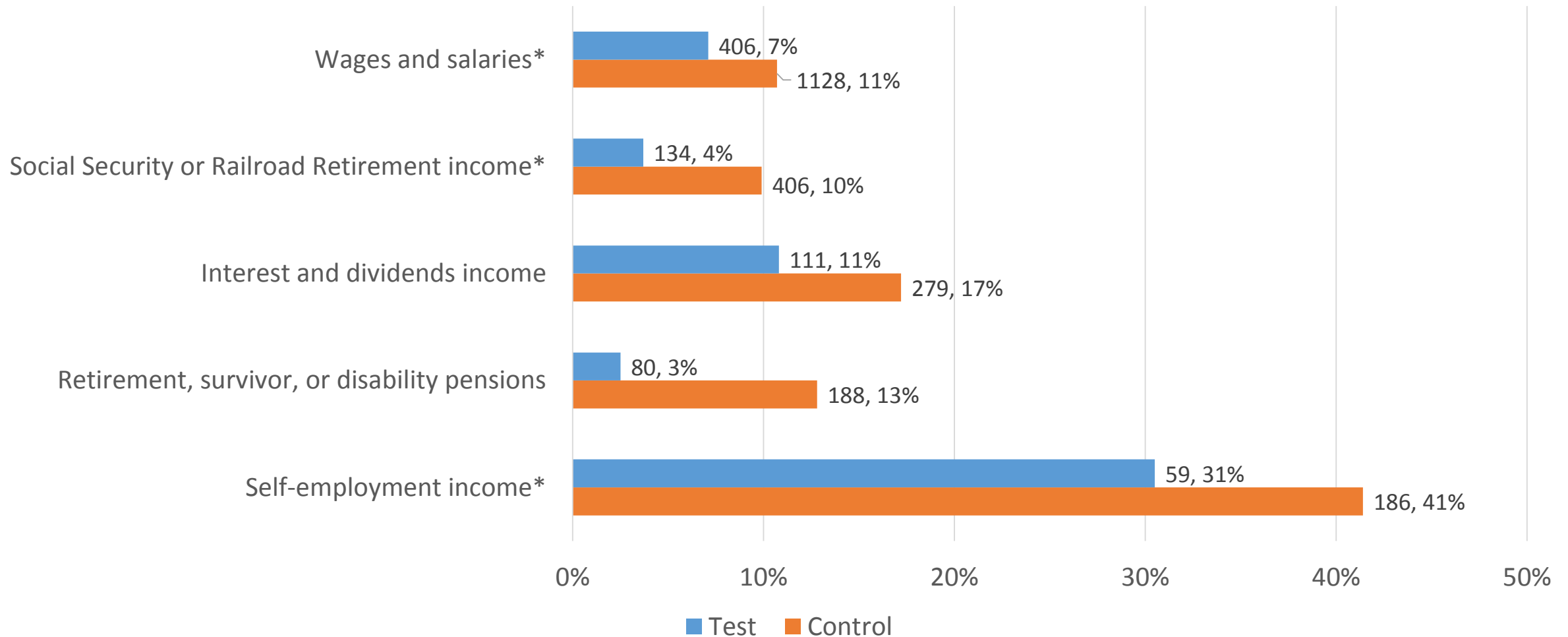
Highlighted labels indicate significant difference between the test and control using a Wilcoxon-Z test statistic



# Distribution of Number of Don't Knows for Expenditures



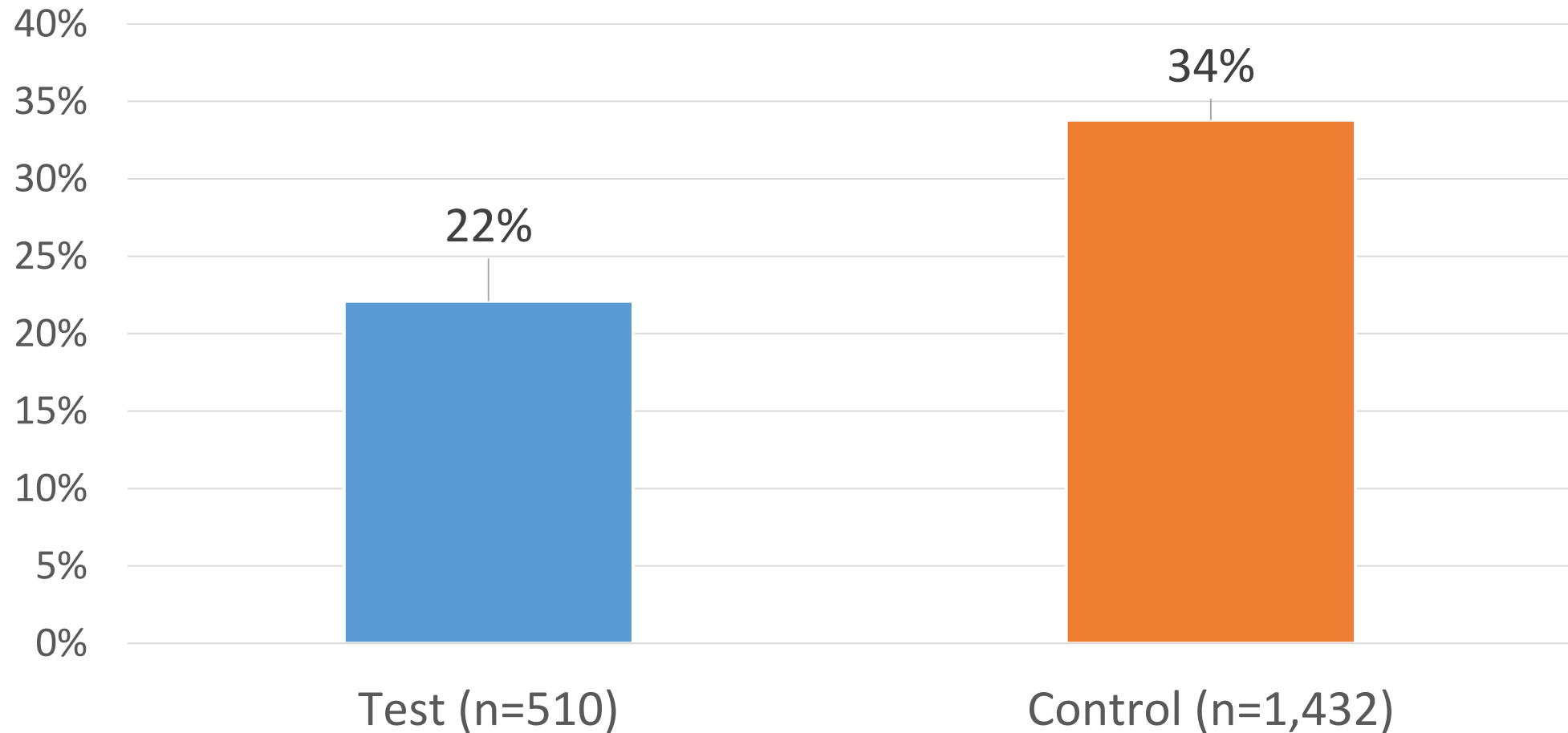
# Percent missing income for top five sources



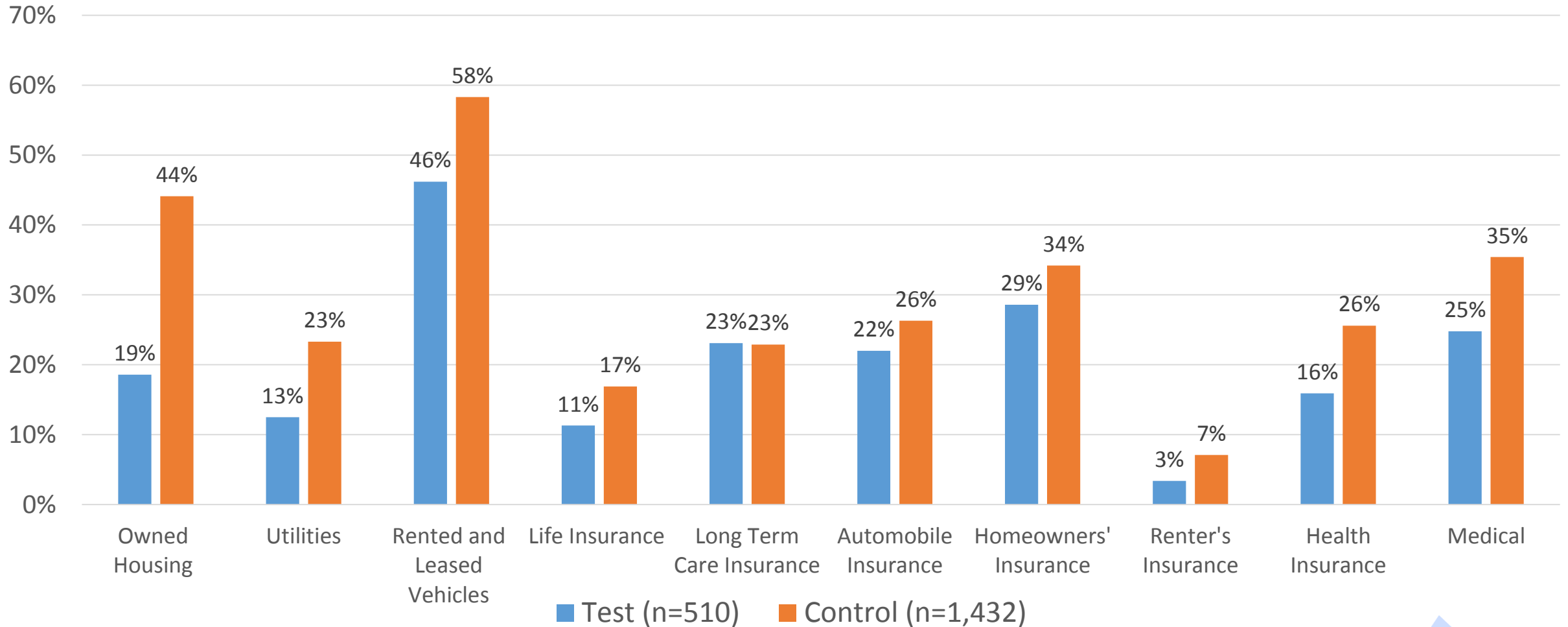
- ❖ The asterisk indicates that all members of the CU reported a missing value
- ❖ The data label includes total number reported and percent missing



# HH Average Percent of Rounded Expenditure Responses



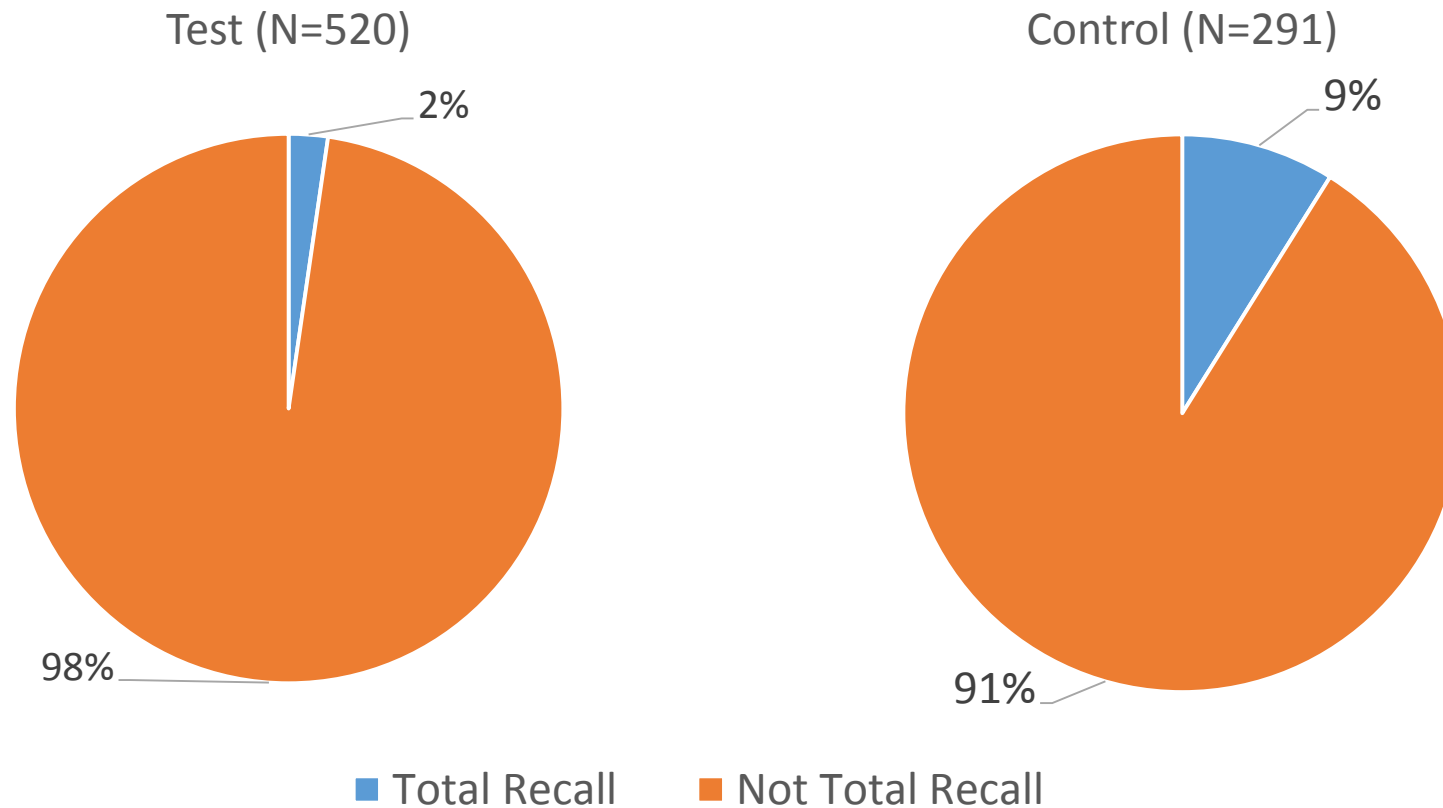
# HH Average Percent of Rounded Expenditure Responses by Question



# Data Quality - Diaries

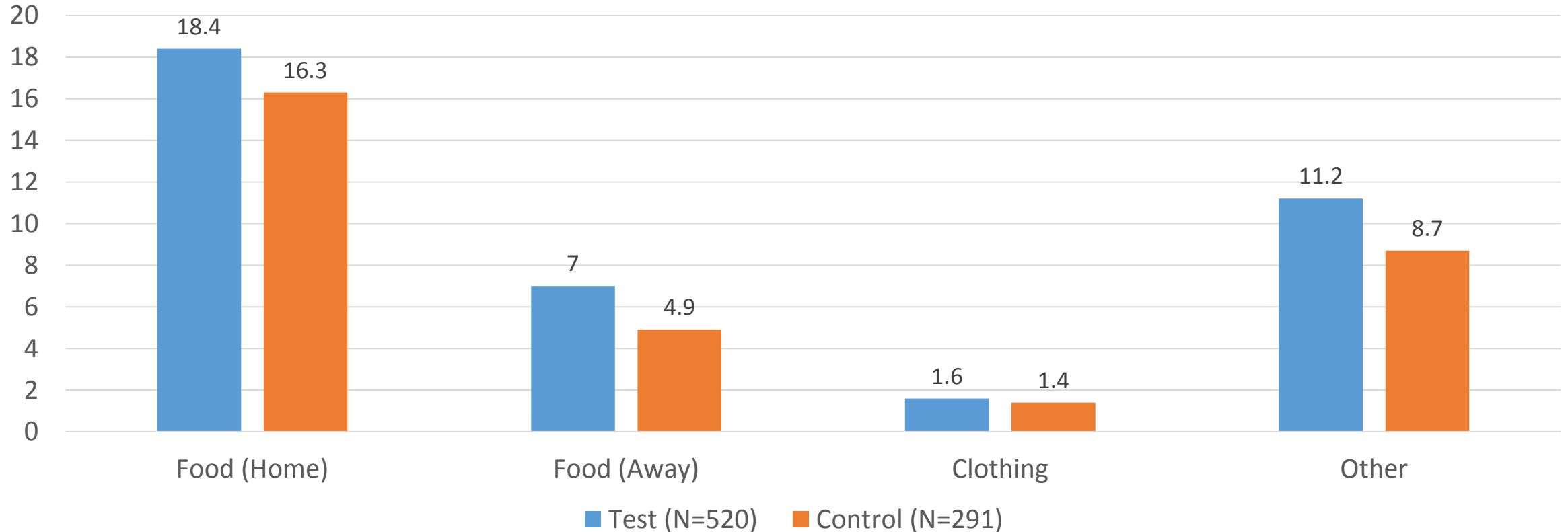


# Extent of Total Recall

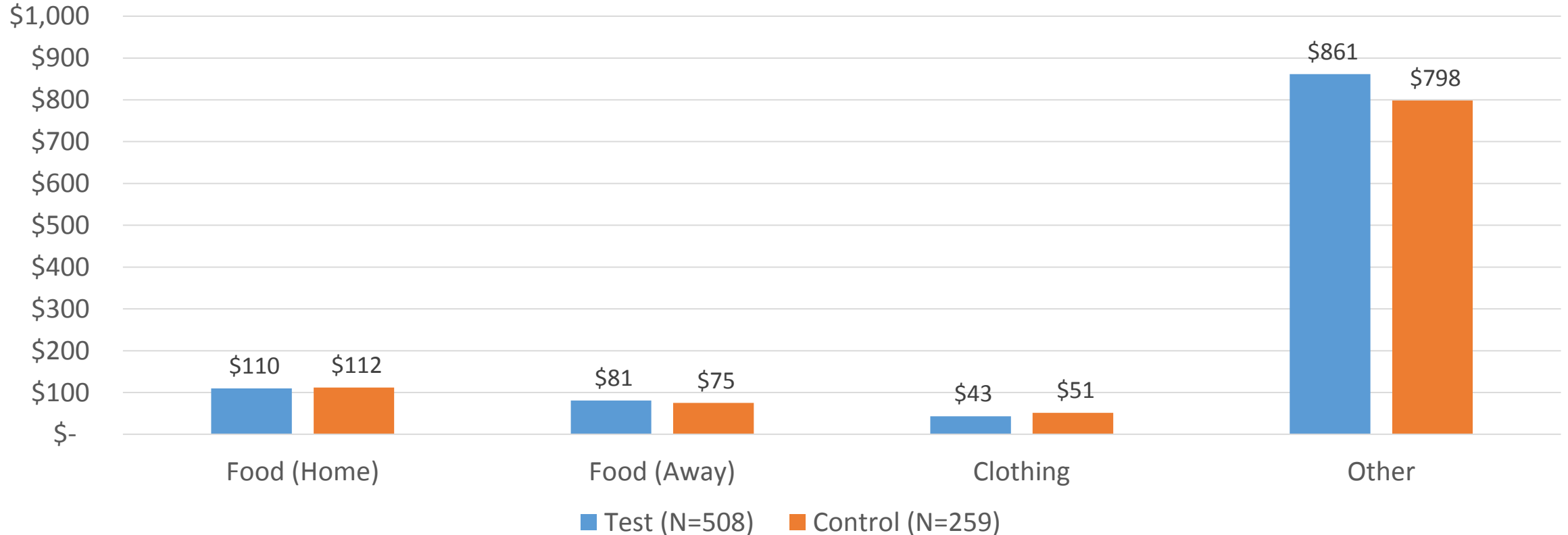




# Number of HH Diary Entries



# Diary Expenditures



# The Good, the Bad, the Unknown...



# The Good



- No decrease in expenditures
- Higher number of diary entries
- Less item non-response (income and expenditures)
- More accurate reports (less rounding)

# The Bad (or “not so good”)



- Final response rates low – only 50% complete all 3 parts of the interview
- Interview length is long, particularly for the 2<sup>nd</sup> visit

# The Unknown



- Would we see statistical differences with a larger sample size? (Expenditures, Income)
- Would HHs participate in Wave 2?
- Would finalized question content, tweaked protocols, and a new diary instrument improve results?
- Did the Incentives bias the sample towards renters?

# Next Steps

- Large Scale Feasibility Test (tentatively 2019)
  - ▶ Larger sample sizes (2,000 completes)
  - ▶ Two waves tested
  - ▶ Finalized instruments and questions
  - ▶ Increased incentives



# Contact Information

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