

Living Costs and Food Survey

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- Key Results of 2009 survey
- Data collection: interview and diary
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Living Costs and Food Survey

- Sample of around 6,000 households
- Interview plus two-week diary of expenditure
- Response (interview plus diary) = 51%
 - decline in response
 - similar trend across social surveys

Sample design

- Stratified by:
 - region
 - ownership of cars
 - socio-economic group head of household
- Clustered: post code sectors are PSUs

Interview: overview

- Expenditure
- Income
- Ownership of consumer durables
- Demographics
- Also part of Integrated Household Survey (IHS)

Uses of Survey

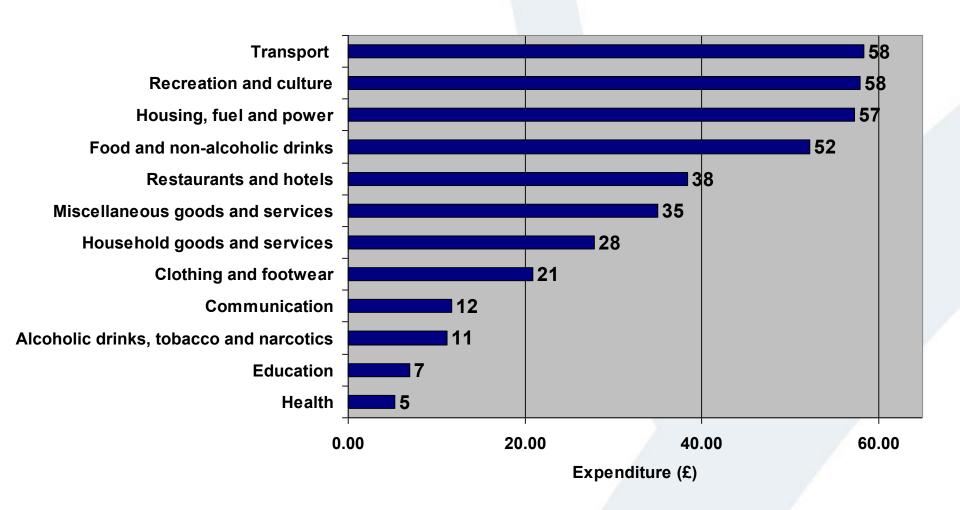
- Retail Price Index
- Consumer price indices
- Spending patterns of population
- Household expenditure for GDP
- Effect of taxes and benefits
- Food consumption and nutrition

Headline figure 2009

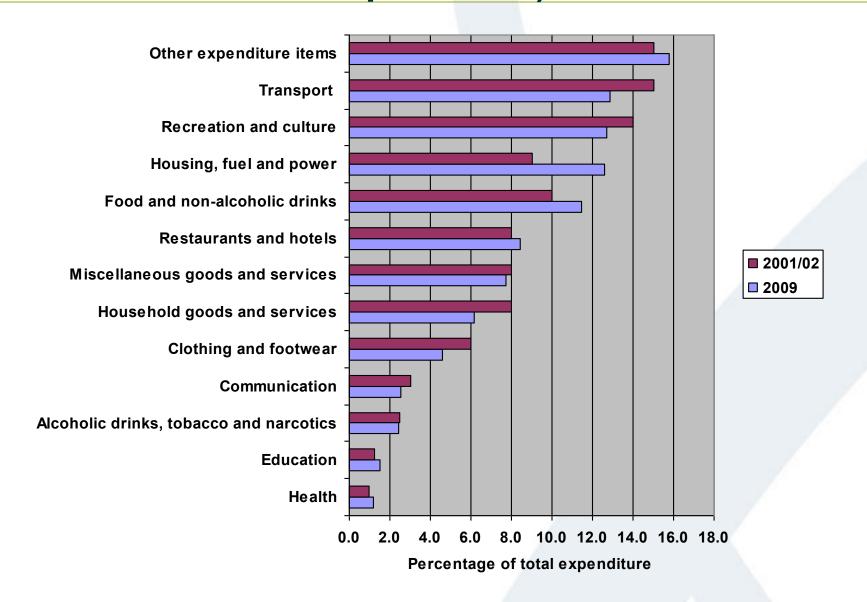
 Average household weekly expenditure was £455 (£471 in 2008)

 First drop since current methods implemented in 2001-02

Average weekly expenditure on main commodities and services 2009

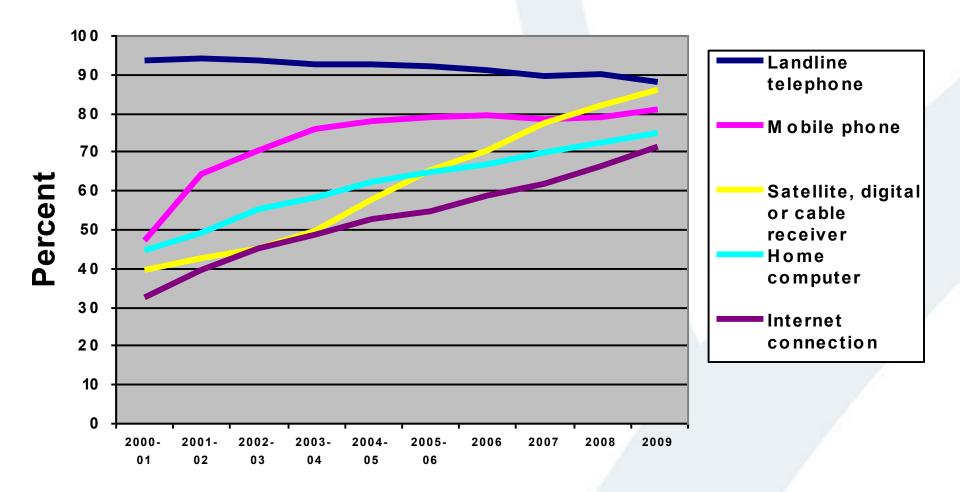


Changes over time (percentage of total expenditure)



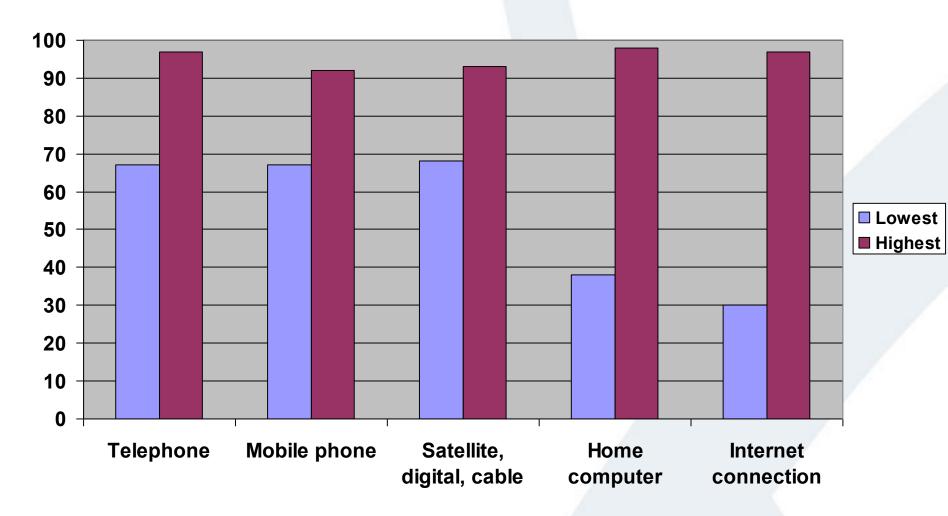
Housing-related costs (renters and mortgage holders)

- £71 a week average net rent paid by renters
 - London £111
 - North East £37
- £133 a week average mortgage payment by mortgage holders
 - London £203
 - Scotland £112



Ownership by income decile 2009

Percent



Source: Living Costs and Food Survey, Office for National Statistics

Interview: expenditure

- Expenditure on:
 - regular payments, eg. utility bills
 - insurance
 - licences
 - season tickets
- Large purchases (retrospective). Specified items for 3-12 months:
 - motor vehicles
 - carpets; furniture; holidays; some housing
- Other purchases over £5,000 in last 3 months

Diary: overview

- Two weeks
- All adults (essential that Main Diary Keeper completes diary)
- Children aged 7-15 complete simplified diary
- Diary designed to capture a high level of detail on food and drink purchases, including weights and measures

Encouraging respondents

- Incentive: £10 per adult; £5 per child, for completed diaries
- Information given about uses of survey
 - phone and internet links
 - Advance letter and leaflet
- Interviewers well briefed on importance of survey

Easing respondent burden

- Till receipts attached to diary
- Mini diary issued for recording purchases while eating out etc
- Support from interviewers in completing diary, annotating receipts etc
- Questionnaire content reviewed and streamlined

Diary: interviewers role

- Brief respondents
- Return to check progress during diary period
- Check at end of diary period, and annotate diary and receipts where necessary
- Where information is missing (eg weights and measures) return to retailers to check
- Calling patterns optimised

Diary: HQ processing

- Team of coders transfer data from paper diaries to electronic format (Blaise)
- Check data quality: queries returned to interviewers where necessary;
- Missing data imputed: obtained via web searches and other sources
- Questionnaire and diary data combined

Further developments

- Improved efficiency in collecting "missing" weights and measures; increased use of the internet
- Consideration given to increased use of technology in data collection (scanners)
- Questionnaire review
- Pilot of increased incentive to improve response