# Norfolk–Virginia Beach– Newport News, VA–NC National Compensation Survey June 2005



U.S. Department of Labor Elaine L. Chao, Secretary

U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics Kathleen P. Utgoff, Commissioner

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# **Preface**

Data shown in this bulletin were collected as part of the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) National Compensation Survey (NCS). The survey could not have been conducted without the cooperation of the many private firms and government jurisdictions that provided pay data included in this bulletin. The Bureau thanks these respondents for their cooperation.

Field economists of the Bureau of Labor Statistics collected and reviewed the survey data. The Office of Compensation and Working Conditions, in cooperation with the Office of Field Operations and the Office of Technology and Survey Processing in the BLS National Office, designed the survey, processed the data, and prepared the survey for publication.

For additional information regarding this survey, please contact any BLS regional office at the address and telephone number listed on the back cover of this bulletin. You may also write to the Bureau of Labor Statistics at: Division of Compensation Data Analysis and Planning,

2 Massachusetts Avenue, NE., Room 4175, Washington, DC 20212–0001, call (202) 691–6199, or send an e-mail to **ocltinfo@bls.gov**.

The data contained in this bulletin are also available at http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ocs/compub.htm, the BLS Internet site. Data are presented in a Portable Document Format (PDF) file containing the core bulletin, and in an ASCII file containing the published table formats. An ASCII file containing positional columns of data for manipulation as a data base or spreadsheet also is available.

Results of earlier surveys of this area are available from BLS regional offices, the Division of Compensation Data Analysis and Planning, or at the BLS Internet site.

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# Introduction

The tables in this bulletin summarize the NCS results for the Norfolk–Virginia Beach–Newport News, VA–NC, metropolitan area. Data were collected between December 2004 and January 2006; the average reference month is June 2005. Tabulations provide information on earnings of workers in a variety of occupations and at different work levels. Also contained in this bulletin are information on the program, a technical note describing survey procedures, and an appendix with detailed information on occupational classifications.

Most of the earnings estimates in this bulletin are presented as mean hourly earnings. Mean weekly and annual earnings, and the corresponding hours, also are provided for full-time employees in specific occupations. Some occupations, such as teachers and firefighters, typically have shorter or longer work schedules than do the majority of full-time workers. The weekly and annual estimates are useful for comparing the earnings of occupations having different work schedules.

# **NCS** products

The Bureau's National Compensation Survey provides comprehensive measures of occupational earnings, compensation cost trends, benefit incidence, and detailed plan provisions. The Employment Cost Index, a quarterly measure of the change in employer costs for wages and benefits, is derived from the NCS. Another product, Employer Costs for Employee Compensation, measures employers' average hourly costs for total compensation, that is, wages and benefits. Still another NCS product measures the incidence and provisions of benefit plans. This bulletin is limited to data on occupational wages and salaries.

#### About the tables

The tables that follow present data on straight-time occupational earnings, which include wages and salaries, incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. These earnings exclude premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. About 480 detailed occupations are used to describe all occupations in the civilian nonfarm economy (excluding the Federal Government and private households). Data are not shown for any occupations if they would raise concerns about the confidentiality of the survey respondents or if the data are insufficient to support reliable estimates.

Table 1–1 presents an overview of all tables in this bulletin. Mean hourly earnings, weekly hours, and relative standard errors are given for all industries, private industry, and State and local government for selected worker and establishment characteristics. The worker characteristics include major occupational group, full-time or part-time status, union or nonunion status, and time or incentive pay. Establishment characteristics include goods and service producing and size of establishment.

Table 2–1 presents estimates of mean hourly earnings, and the relative standard errors associated with them, for detailed occupations within all industries, private industry, and State and local government. Table 2–2 presents the same type of information for full-time workers only. Table 2–3 provides similar data for workers designated as part-time.

Table 3–1 provides mean weekly earnings data, with relative standard errors, and weekly hours for full-time employees in specific occupations across all industries, private industry, and State and local government. Table 3–2 provides annual earnings, relative standard errors, and annual hours for full-time employees in specific occupations.

Table 4–1 provides mean hourly earnings data by work level for occupational groups and for detailed occupations. Separate data are also shown for private industry and government workers. Table 4–2 provides work level data for full-time workers. Table 4–3 provides similar data for workers designated as part-time.

Table 5–1 presents mean hourly earnings data for selected worker characteristics by major occupational group. The worker characteristics include full-time or part-time designation, union or nonunion status, and time or incentive pay. Table 5–2 presents mean hourly earnings data for major industry divisions by occupational group; these estimates are limited to the private sector. Table 5–3 presents mean hourly earnings data for establishment employment sizes by major occupational group in the private sector.

Tables 6–1 through 6–5 present hourly wage percentiles that describe the distribution of hourly earnings for individual workers within each published occupation. Data are provided for the 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles for detailed occupations within all industries, private industry, State and local government, full-time workers, and part-time workers.

Table 1-1. Summary: Mean hourly earnings1 and weekly hours by selected characteristics, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005

		Total		Priv	ate industry	/	State and	d local gover	nment
Worker and establishment characteristics	Hourly ea	arnings	Mean	Hourly e	arnings	Mean	Hourly 6	arnings	Mean
worker and establishment characteristics	Mean	Relative error <sup>2</sup> (percent)	weekly hours <sup>3</sup>	Mean	Relative error <sup>2</sup> (percent)	weekly hours <sup>3</sup>	Mean	Relative error <sup>2</sup> (percent)	weekly hours <sup>3</sup>
Total	\$17.63	6.4	35.5	\$16.69	8.8	34.7	\$20.70	1.8	38.2
Worker characteristics: <sup>4</sup>									
White-collar occupations <sup>5</sup> Professional specialty and technical	22.10 25.54 35.95 11.01 13.21 15.20 18.89 13.88 14.95 9.26 9.87 19.14 8.62	8.0 2.7 9.9 6.0 2.8 5.8 5.6 6.0 5.9 2.6 6.2 5.9	37.6 37.0 44.2 31.6 38.1 36.9 39.3 40.0 37.9 29.7 29.7 40.1 21.1	21.22 22.69 37.73 10.97 13.08 15.29 19.26 13.95 15.57 8.99 8.04 18.43 8.55	12.0 4.7 9.6 6.2 3.7 3.3 6.9 5.6 6.2 5.9 5.1 8.9 6.3	37.4 36.6 45.2 31.3 37.9 36.8 39.2 40.0 39.2 29.2 27.4 40.4 20.9	24.32 28.96 27.46 - 13.56 14.64 17.07 - 12.77 11.43 15.27 21.15 9.68	3.3 2.6 10.6 - 2.2 3.9 4.1 - 4.7 11.5 2.5 1.7 4.8	38.1 37.4 39.7 - 38.6 37.1 40.0 - 34.1 34.6 39.6 39.2 24.0
Nonunion  Time	17.76 17.64 17.06	7.0 6.5 7.1	35.1 35.4 39.6	16.74 16.67 17.06	9.2 7.1	34.1 34.5 39.6	20.72 20.70 –	1.9 1.8 –	38.3 38.2 –
Establishment characteristics:	6								_
Goods producing Service producing	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	18.62 –	6.3	39.9	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )	( <sup>6</sup> )
50-99 workers <sup>7</sup>	16.84 14.26 20.44	24.3 8.4 3.7	32.8 34.4 37.9	16.85 14.07 19.86	24.4 9.2 7.2	32.8 34.2 37.6	15.75 16.97 21.08	17.4 10.5 2.1	36.9 37.5 38.3

<sup>1</sup> Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of

hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication

the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.  $^{\rm 3}$  Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week,

<sup>Mean weekly nours are the hours an employee is scheduled to hour in a hour,
Exclusive of overtime.

Exployees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining. Wages of time workers are based solely on</sup> 

based on producting paymonic scale. The production of the control of the control

industries applies to private industry only.

The establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between survey sampling and collection.

Table 2-1. Mean hourly earnings,¹ all workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
Occupation <sup>3</sup>	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)
AII	\$17.63	6.4	\$16.69	8.8	\$20.70	1.8
All excluding sales	18.19	6.5	17.31	9.3	20.84	1.8
White collar	22.10	8.0	21.22	12.0	24.32	3.3
White collar excluding sales	24.13	7.6	23.88	11.6	24.63	2.8
Professional specialty and technical	25.54	2.7	22.69	4.7	28.96	2.6
Professional specialty	27.56	2.7	25.14	5.4	29.34	2.6
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	25.88	6.7	25.28	6.4	_	_
Mathematical and computer scientists	-		- 22.70	_ 	_ 20.0F	47.0
Health related	23.69	5.4	22.79	5.7	29.95	17.2
Registered nurses Teachers, college and university	21.75 –	5.4	21.59	6.1	22.84	4.2
Teachers, except college and university	30.80	2.7	25.05	11.7	31.21	2.6
Elementary school teachers	31.18	1.5	25.05	11.7	31.31	1.3
Secondary school teachers	31.68	1.5	_	_	31.56	.6
Librarians, archivists, and curators	31.03	4.5	_	_	-	
Librarians	31.03	4.5	_	_	_	_
Social scientists and urban planners	-	_	_	_	_	_
Social, recreation, and religious workers	20.90	7.4	_	_	19.51	7.2
Social workers	20.90	7.4	_	_	19.51	7.2
Lawyers and judges	_	_	_	_	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and						
professionals, n.e.c.	23.20	4.4	_	_	_	_
Technical	19.15	4.7	19.19	5.1	18.63	6.7
Licensed practical nurses	15.32	1.6	15.40	1.6	-	-
Executive, administrative, and managerial	35.95	9.9	37.73	9.6	27.46	10.6
Executives, administrators, and managers	43.42	9.5	44.98	9.4	34.19	5.0
Administrators and officials, public administration	36.22	7.6	_	_	36.22	7.6
Managers and administrators, n.e.c	46.93	8.5	47.00	8.5	_	_
Management related	21.96	3.9	22.70	5.7	19.43	1.2
Accountants and auditors	22.98	5.6	24.18	3.4		
Construction inspectors	19.55	3.7	_	_	19.55	3.7
Sales	11.01	6.0	10.97	6.2	-	-
Cashiers	8.27	10.2	8.23	10.9	_	_
Administrative support, including clerical	13.21	2.8	13.08	3.7	13.56	2.2
Secretaries	14.64	7.3	13.80	13.8	15.58	6.4
Library clerks	9.40	3.0		_	9.40	3.0
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	13.15	5.3	12.84	6.2	-	
General office clerks	12.38	2.5	12.37	3.4	12.40	4.2
Teachers' aides	11.94 12.10	.6 5.3	_		11.94 11.83	.6 10.0
Administrative Support, n.e.c.			_			
Blue collar	15.20	2.8	15.29	3.3	14.64	3.9
Precision production, craft, and repair	18.89	5.8	19.26	6.9	17.07	4.1
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	16.26	4.3	_	-	_	_
Electricians	19.68	8.6	_	_	_	_
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	18.52	8.9	18.56	8.9	_	_
Construction trades, n.e.c.	12.97	9.0	_	-	-	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	13.88	5.6	13.95	5.6	_	_
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	13.60	22.0	13.60	22.0	_	_
Assemblers	17.82	9.3	17.82	9.3	-	_
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	12.51	17.3	12.51	17.3	-	-
Transportation and material moving	14.95	6.0	15.57	6.2	12.77	4.7
Truck drivers	16.75	6.8	17.56	4.0	_	_
Bus drivers	11.46	7.0	_	-	12.53	2.2
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	14.97	8.3	14.97	8.3	_	_
Miscellaneous material moving equipment						
operators, n.e.c.	12.72	7.3	-	-	_	_

Table 2-1. Mean hourly earnings, all workers: Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation <sup>3</sup>	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	
Blue collar -Continued							
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	\$9.26	5.9	\$8.99	5.9	\$11.43	11.5	
Stock handlers and baggers	8.01	4.8	8.01	4.8	_	_	
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	10.60	3.1	10.60	3.1	-	_	
Service	9.87	2.6	8.04	5.1	15.27	2.5	
Protective service	12.34	3.5	_	_	17.52	.8	
Firefighting	14.14	.8	_	_	14.14	.8	
Police and detectives, public service	20.00	7.2	_	_	20.00	7.2	
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement	40.00				40.00	0.0	
officers	16.66	2.0	_	_	16.66	2.0	
Correctional institution officers	14.08	2.0	- 0.07	40.0	14.08	2.0	
Food service	6.97	12.6 26.8	6.87	13.8	_	_	
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	6.05 5.92	26.8 36.2	6.05 5.92	26.8 36.2	_	_	
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	6.37	5.4	6.37	5.4	_	_	
Other food service	8.04	2.4	7.88	2.4	_	_	
Cooks	8.79	3.2	8.76	3.3	_	_	
Kitchen workers, food preparation	8.06	1.0	8.06	1.0	_	_	
Food preparation, n.e.c.	7.09	7.0	6.56	4.7	_	_	
Health service	9.57	3.5	9.49	3.8	10.09	6.8	
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	9.36	2.5	9.22	2.5	- 10.00		
Cleaning and building service	10.44	6.8	10.60	10.0	10.10	1.3	
Janitors and cleaners	10.36	8.0	10.54	13.9	10.10	1.3	
Personal service	9.33	10.9	7.30	8.7	12.50	5.0	

<sup>1</sup> Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.
2 All workers include full-time and part-time workers.
3 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 2-2. Mean hourly earnings,¹ full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005

	T	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation <sup>3</sup>	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent	
All	\$19.14	6.2	\$18.43	8.9	\$21.15	1.7	
All excluding sales	19.58	6.3	18.93	9.1	21.29	1.6	
White collar	23.07	7.7	22.49	11.7	24.39	3.3	
White collar excluding sales	24.42	7.6	24.27	11.7	24.70	2.8	
Professional specialty and technical	25.72	2.9	22.78	5.1	28.99	2.6	
Professional specialty	27.77	2.8	25.38	5.9	29.34	2.6	
Engineers, architects, and surveyors  Mathematical and computer scientists	25.88 –	6.7	25.28	6.4	_	_	
Health related	23.37	5.8	22.23	6.0	29.95	17.2	
Registered nurses	21.29	6.2	21.00	7.1	22.84	4.2	
Teachers, college and university	_	_		_	_	_	
Teachers, except college and university	30.95	2.6	26.18	14.8	31.21	2.6	
Elementary school teachers	31.18	1.5	-	_	31.31	1.3	
Secondary school teachers	31.68	.7	_	_	31.56	.6	
Librarians, archivists, and curators Librarians	31.03	4.5	_		_	_	
Social scientists and urban planners	31.03 –	4.5 –	_		_	_	
Social, recreation, and religious workers	20.90	7.4	_		19.51	7.2	
Social workers	20.90	7.4	_	_	19.51	7.2	
Lawyers and judges	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and							
professionals, n.e.c.	_	_	_	_		-	
Technical	19.29	5.0	19.32	5.5	18.89	7.1	
Licensed practical nurses	15.13	1.5	_	_	_	_	
Executive, administrative, and managerial	36.01	9.9	37.80	9.5	27.46	10.6	
Executives, administrators, and managers	43.42	9.5	44.98	9.4	34.19	5.1	
Administrators and officials, public administration	36.22	7.6	_	_	36.22	7.6	
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	46.93	8.5	47.00	8.5	_	_	
Management related	21.97	3.9	22.72	5.7	19.43	1.2	
Accountants and auditors	23.04	5.9	_	-	-	_	
Construction inspectors	19.55	3.7	_	-	19.55	3.7	
Sales	12.36	6.0	12.40	6.5	_	_	
Sales, other business services	10.74	26.1	10.74	26.1	_	_	
Cashiers	9.68	11.1	-	-	-	-	
Administrative support, including clerical	13.36	2.6	13.25	3.4	13.63	2.5	
Secretaries	14.98	7.8	14.34	15.4	15.58	6.4	
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	13.15	5.3	12.84	6.2	_	-	
General office clerks	12.38	2.5	12.37	3.4	12.40	4.2	
Teachers' aides	11.94	.6	_	_	11.94	.6	
Administrative support, n.e.c	12.13	5.5	_	_	11.83	10.0	
Blue collar	16.00	2.5	16.12	2.9	15.20	2.4	
Precision production, craft, and repair	19.04	5.9	19.45	7.1	17.07	4.1	
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	16.26	4.3	-		-		
Electricians	19.68	8.6	_	_	_	_	
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	18.52	8.9	18.56	8.9	_	_	
Construction trades, n.e.c.	12.97	9.0	-	-	-	_	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	13.88	5.6	13.95	5.6	_	_	
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c.	13.60	22.0	13.95	22.0	_	-	
Assemblers	17.82	9.3	17.82	9.3	_	_	
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	12.51	17.3	12.51	17.3	-	_	
Transportation and material marries	15 44	F 7	15.00		10.44	F 0	
Transportation and material moving  Truck drivers	15.41 16.88	5.7 7.0	15.96 17.75	5.8 4.2	13.11	5.3	
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	16.88	8.3	17.75	8.3	_	-	
Miscellaneous material moving equipment	17.31	0.5	17.31	0.5			
operators, n.e.c.	12.72	7.3	-	-	-	_	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	10.36	2.8	10.00	1.5	12.74	5.3	
manufers, equipment cleaners, neipers, and laborers	10.30	2.0	10.00	1.0	12.14	1 5.5	

Table 2-2. Mean hourly earnings,1 full-time workers:2 Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation <sup>3</sup>	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)
Blue collar -Continued						
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers -Continued						
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	\$10.33	2.5	\$10.33	2.5	_	_
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c	9.44	3.8	9.46	4.4	-	_
Service	11.38	4.3	8.89	8.3	\$15.79	3.3
Protective service	13.60	3.4	_	_	17.56	.9
Firefighting	14.14	.8	_	_	14.14	.8
Police and detectives, public service	20.00	7.2	_	_	20.00	7.2
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement						
officers	16.66	2.0	_	_	16.66	2.0
Correctional institution officers	14.08	2.0		-	14.08	2.0
Food service	7.82	26.2	7.74	27.5	_	_
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	6.94	41.2	6.94	41.2	_	_
Health service  Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	10.01 9.71	5.3 3.1	9.83	5.6	_	_
Cleaning and building service	10.98	6.7	11.54	9.7	10.11	1.3
Janitors and cleaners	11.01	8.2	12.02	15.0	10.11	1.3
Personal service	9.82	10.7	12.02	15.0	13.23	4.4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.
<sup>2</sup> Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.
<sup>4</sup> The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 2-3. Mean hourly earnings,¹ part-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005

	То	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation <sup>3</sup>	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	
All	\$8.62	5.9	\$8.55	6.3	\$9.68	4.8	
All excluding sales		5.9	8.60	6.4	9.68	4.8	
White collar		8.4	11.41	8.6	-	_	
White collar excluding sales	16.50	11.1	16.79	11.7	-	_	
Professional specialty and technical		8.2	21.66	8.4	-	_	
Professional specialty		9.0	23.16	9.0	_	_	
Health related		7.8	25.63	7.8	_	-	
_ Registered nurses		4.1	23.66	4.1	_	-	
Teachers, college and university		_	_	_	_	_	
Teachers, except college and university Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and		_	_	_	_	_	
professionals, n.e.c Technical		_	_	_	_	_	
Executive, administrative, and managerial							
Executives, administrators, and managers		_	_	_	_	_	
Management related		_	_	_	_	_	
Sales	8.36	10.0	8.36	10.0			
Cashiers		9.0	7.78	9.0	_	_	
Administrative support, including clerical	10.50	9.6	10.66	10.3	-	_	
Blue collar	8.32	7.5	8.00	7.5	10.21	9.7	
Precision production, craft, and repair	-	_	_	-	-	-	
Transportation and material moving	10.34	6.6	_	_	11.57	1.4	
Bus drivers	10.48	7.2	_	_	-	_	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	7.66	8.4	7.64	9.2	_	_	
Stock handlers and baggers	6.80	5.3	6.80	5.3	-	_	
Service	7.11	7.0	7.00	7.3	9.09	4.2	
Protective service	_	-	-	_	_		
Food service	6.39	10.7	6.24	10.9	_	_	
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders		27.3	5.09	27.3	_	_	
Other food service		2.8	7.21	1.1	-	_	
Kitchen workers, food preparation		3.0	7.77	3.0	_	_	
Food preparation, n.e.c.		7.0	6.56	4.7	_	_	
Health service		4.2	8.90	4.8	_	_	
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants		4.6	8.96	5.2	_	_	
Cleaning and building service				_	-	_	
Personal service	7.82	14.5	_	l –	_	l _	

<sup>1</sup> Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

number of workers, weighted by hours.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information. <sup>4</sup> The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings,¹ full-time workers:² Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005

		Total		Priv	vate industry	,		ate and local government	
Occupation <sup>3</sup>	Weekly 6	earnings	Maan	Weekly e	earnings	Maan	Weekly 6	earnings	Maan
·	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	Mean weekly hours <sup>5</sup>	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	Mean weekly hours <sup>5</sup>	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	Mean weekly hours <sup>5</sup>
All excluding sales	\$767 785	7.3 7.5	40.1 40.1	\$744 766	10.4 10.8	40.4 40.5	\$828 834	1.6 1.4	39.2 39.2
White collar	930 987	9.6 9.7	40.3 40.4	929 1,011	14.3 14.6	41.3 41.7	932 943	3.2 2.7	38.2 38.2
Professional specialty and									
technical	1,000	2.9	38.9	917	5.3	40.3	1,086	2.3 2.3	37.5 37.4
Professional specialty Engineers, architects, and	1,072	2.7	38.6	1,031	6.1	40.6	1,097	2.3	37.4
surveyors	1,035	6.7	40.0	1,011	6.4	40.0	_	_	_
Mathematical and computer									
scientists  Health related	- 974	6.5	41.7	939	6.9	42.2	_ 1,164	17.7	38.8
Registered nurses	840	6.1	39.4	831	7.1	39.6	883	6.3	38.7
Teachers, college and university	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	-
Teachers, except college and	4 407	0.0	00.0	005	40.0	07.0	4 4 4 5	0.4	00.7
university  Elementary school teachers	1,137 1,140	2.2 1.2	36.8 36.6	985	13.9	37.6	1,145 1.146	2.1	36.7 36.6
Secondary school teachers	1,154	1.4	36.4	_	_	_	1,150	1.4	36.4
Librarians, archivists, and	.,						.,		00
curators	1,175	4.1	37.9	-	-	-	-	_	-
Librarians	1,175	4.1	37.9	-	_	-	-	_	-
Social scientists and urban planners	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Social, recreation, and religious									
workers	824	6.6	39.4	-	_	_	780	7.2	40.0
Social workers	824	6.6	39.4	-	-	-	780	7.2	40.0
Lawyers and judges Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and professionals,	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
n.e.c	_		-	-	_	_	-		
Technical Licensed practical nurses	767 580	5.5 1.5	39.8 38.3	768 -	5.9 –	39.7	755 -	7.1	40.0
Executive, administrative, and									
managerial	1,599	17.2	44.4	1,719	18.2	45.5	1,097	10.5	39.9
Executives, administrators, and managers	2,047	19.2	47.1	2,188	19.9	48.6	1,364	4.7	39.9
Administrators and officials,	4 440	7.0	40.0				4 440	7.0	40.0
public administration Managers and administrators,	1,449	7.6	40.0	_	_	_	1,449	7.6	40.0
n.e.c.	2,328	20.9	49.6	2,336	20.9	49.7	_	_	_
Management related	879	3.9	40.0	909	5.7	40.0	777	1.2	40.0
Accountants and auditors	922	5.9	40.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Construction inspectors	782	3.7	40.0	-	_	_	782	3.7	40.0
Sales	489	6.4	39.5	490	6.9	39.5	_	_	_
Sales, other business services Cashiers	403 380	29.1 13.3	37.5 39.3	403	29.1	37.5	- -	-	- -
Administrative support, including									
clerical	530	2.6	39.7	529	3.5	39.9	531	2.8	38.9
Secretaries	592	7.8	39.5	565	15.5	39.4	617	5.8	39.6
Bookkeepers, accounting and									
auditing clerks	525	5.4	39.9	513	6.3	39.9	-	-	-
General office clerks Teachers' aides	494 430	2.6	39.9 36.0	495 –	3.4	40.0	493 430	4.3	39.8 36.0
Administrative support, n.e.c.	485	5.5	40.0	_	_	_	473	10.0	40.0
Blue collar	641	2.5	40.1	647	2.9	40.1	605	2.5	39.8
Precision production, craft, and									
repair	762	5.9	40.0	779	7.1	40.0	683	4.1	40.0

Table 3-1. Mean weekly earnings, <sup>1</sup> full-time workers: <sup>2</sup> Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005 — Continued

		Total		Priv	ate industry	,		ate and local overnment	
Occupation <sup>3</sup>	Weekly 6	earnings	Weekly earnings Mean		Mean	Weekly 6	arnings	Mean	
	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	weekly hours <sup>5</sup>	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	weekly hours <sup>5</sup>	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	weekly hours <sup>5</sup>
Blue collar -Continued									
Precision production, craft, and repair –Continued Mechanics and repairers,	<b>#</b> 050	4.0	40.0						
n.e.c  Electricians  Plumbers, pipefitters and	\$650 787	4.3 8.6	40.0 40.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
steamfitters Construction trades, n.e.c	741 519	8.9 9.0	40.0 40.0	\$742 -	8.9 -	40.0 -	- -	_ _	_ _
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Miscellaneous machine	555	5.6	40.0	558	5.6	40.0	-	_	-
operators, n.e.c	544 713	22.0 9.3	40.0 40.0	544 713	22.0 9.3	40.0 40.0	<u>-</u> -	_	- -
checkers and examiners	501	17.3	40.0	501	17.3	40.0	_	-	_
Transportation and material moving	622	6.2	40.4	648	6.2	40.6	\$516	5.3	39.4
Truck driversIndustrial truck and tractor equipment operators	694 599	8.1	41.1	735 599	5.0 8.3	41.4 40.0	_	_	_
Miscellaneous material moving equipment operators, n.e.c	509	7.3	40.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	413	2.9	39.8	398	1.7	39.8	509	5.3	40.0
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c.	406	4.6	39.3	406	4.6	39.3	-	_	_
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c	378	3.8	40.0	378	4.4	40.0	-	_	_
Service	446	4.8	39.2	337	5.8	37.9	660	4.2	41.8
Protective service  Firefighting  Police and detectives, public	568 743	3.6	41.7 52.5	-	-	-	758 743	.6 .3	43.2 52.5
serviceSheriffs, bailiffs, and other law	819	6.6	41.0	-	_	-	819	6.6	41.0
enforcement officers Correctional institution officers Food service	666 564 280	2.0 2.0 22.5	40.0 40.0 35.8	- - 278	- - 23.8	- - 35.9	666 564 –	2.0 2.0 –	40.0 40.0 –
Waiters, waitresses, and bartendersHealth service	254 374	39.0 6.5	36.7 37.4	254 364	39.0 6.7	36.7 37.0	_ _		_ 
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	357	5.0	36.8	-	-	-	_	_	_
Cleaning and building service  Janitors and cleaners	424 425	7.1 8.8	38.6 38.6	448 466	9.7 15.5	38.8 38.8	388 388	3.7 3.7	38.4 38.4
Personal service	387	10.3	39.4	-	_	_	507	5.7	38.4

<sup>1</sup> Earnings are the straight-time weekly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule.

cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

<sup>2</sup> Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

the minimum full-time schedule.

3 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to

<sup>4</sup> The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

5 Mean weekly hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a week, exclusive of overtime.

Table 3-2. Mean annual earnings, <sup>1</sup> full-time workers: <sup>2</sup> Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005

	Total Private industry						State and local			
		TOTAL	Ι	Pilv	ate industry	/ I	g	overnment		
Occupation <sup>3</sup>	Annual e	arnings	Mean	Annual e	arnings	Mean	Annual e	arnings	Mear	
	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	annual hours <sup>5</sup>	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	annual hours <sup>5</sup>	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	annua	
All	\$38,579	7.3	2,015	\$38,654	10.4	2,098	\$38,398	1.6	1,816	
All excluding sales	39,423	7.5	2,013	39,793	10.8	2,102	38,584	1.4	1,812	
White collar	45,782	9.6	1,985	48,240	14.3	2,145	41,371	3.2	1,696	
White collar excluding sales	48,266	9.7	1,977	52,519	14.6	2,164	41,707	2.7	1,689	
Professional specialty and	40,400		4.005	47.540	5.0	0.000	45 504	0.0	4.53	
technical Professional specialty	46,420 48,164	2.9 2.7	1,805 1,734	47,518 53,297	5.3 6.1	2,086 2,100	45,504 45,667	2.3 2.3	1,570 1,550	
Engineers, architects, and							-,		,	
surveyors Mathematical and computer	53,825	6.7	2,080	52,576	6.4	2,080	_	_	_	
scientists	-	_	-	-	_	-	_			
Health related Registered nurses	50,004 43,030	6.5 6.1	2,140 2,021	48,810 43,234	6.9 7.1	2,196 2,059	55,869 42,060	17.7 6.3	1,869 1,842	
Teachers, college and university	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-		
Teachers, except college and university	45,078	2.2	1,457	47,809	13.9	1,826	44,961	2.1	1,44	
Elementary school teachers	44,227	1.2	1,418	-	-	-	44,176	.8	1,41	
Secondary school teachers Librarians, archivists, and	44,465	1.4	1,403	_	_	_	44,346	1.4	1,40	
curators	53,126	4.1	1,712	_	-	-	-	-	-	
LibrariansSocial scientists and urban	53,126	4.1	1,712	_	_	_	-	_	-	
planners	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	
Social, recreation, and religious workers	42,848	6.6	2,050	_	_	_	40,579	7.2	2,08	
Social workers	42,848	6.6	2,050	_	_	-	40,579	7.2	2,08	
Lawyers and judges Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and professionals,	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
n.e.c Technical Licensed practical nurses	39,891 30,156	5.5 1.5	2,068 1,994	39,934 -	5.9 -	2,067 –	39,283 -	7.1 –	2,08 -	
Executive, administrative, and										
managerial	83,082	17.2	2,307	89,382	18.2	2,364	56,842	10.5	2,07	
Executives, administrators, and managers	106,336	19.2	2,449	113,751	19.9	2,529	70,497	4.7	2,06	
Administrators and officials,				110,701	10.0	2,020			,	
public administration  Managers and administrators,	75,333	7.6	2,080	_	_	_	75,333	7.6	2,08	
n.e.c	121,065	20.9	2,580	121,485	20.9	2,585	-	_	-	
Management related  Accountants and auditors	45,690 47,928	3.9 5.9	2,080 2,080	47,257 –	5.7 -	2,080	40,423	1.2	2,08	
Construction inspectors	40,665	3.7	2,080	_	_	-	40,665	3.7	2,08	
Sales	25,331	6.4	2,049	25,380	6.9	2,047	_	_	_	
Sales, other business services Cashiers	20,951 19,040	29.1 13.3	1,951 1,967	20,951	29.1	1,951	_	_ _	- -	
Administrative support, including										
clerical	26,746	2.6	2,003	27,514	3.5	2,077	25,009	2.8	1,83	
Secretaries Bookkeepers, accounting and	29,623	7.8	1,978	29,404	15.5	2,050	29,818	5.8	1,91	
auditing clerks General office clerks	27,310	5.4	2,077	26,657	6.3	2,076	- 24 04 4	- 42	2 00	
Teachers' aides	25,387 15,995	2.6 .6	2,050 1,340	25,729 -	3.4	2,080	24,814 15,995	4.3 .6	2,00 1,34	
Administrative support, n.e.c.	25,241	5.5	2,080	-	-	-	24,601	10.0	2,08	
Blue collar	33,228	2.5	2,077	33,624	2.9	2,085	30,778	2.5	2,02	
Precision production, craft, and repair	39,631	5.9	2,081	40,495	7.1	2,082	35,507	4.1	2,08	

Table 3-2. Mean annual earnings,1 full-time workers:2 Selected occupations, private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005 — Continued

		Total		Priv	rate industry	,		te and local	l
Occupation <sup>3</sup>	Annual e	arnings	Maan	Annual e	arnings	Maan	Annual e	arnings	Maan
	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	Mean annual hours <sup>5</sup>	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	Mean annual hours <sup>5</sup>	Mean	Relative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)	Mean annual hours <sup>5</sup>
Blue collar -Continued									
Precision production, craft, and repair –Continued Mechanics and repairers,									
n.e.c  Electricians  Plumbers, pipefitters and	\$33,824 40,943	4.3 8.6	2,080 2,080	- -	-	-	-	_ _	_
steamfitters Construction trades, n.e.c	38,524 26,982	8.9 9.0	2,080 2,080	\$38,609 -	8.9 -	2,080 -	- -	_ _	- -
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Miscellaneous machine	28,871	5.6	2,080	29,012	5.6	2,080	-	-	_
operators, n.e.c	28,297 37,071	22.0 9.3	2,080 2,080	28,297 37,071	22.0 9.3	2,080 2,080	- -	_ _	_ _
checkers and examiners	26,027	17.3	2,080	26,027	17.3	2,080	-	_	_
Transportation and material moving	31,841	6.2	2,066	33,691	6.2	2,112	\$24,860	5.3	1,896
Truck driversIndustrial truck and tractor equipment operators	36,095 31,131	8.1 8.3	2,138	38,206 31,131	5.0 8.3	2,152	_	_	_
Miscellaneous material moving equipment			·	01,101	0.0	2,000			
operators, n.e.c.	26,462	7.3	2,080	_	_	_	-	_	_
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Freight, stock, and material	21,475	2.9	2,072	20,709	1.7	2,071	26,492	5.3	2,080
handlers, n.e.c Laborers, except construction,	21,136	4.6	2,045	21,136	4.6	2,045	_	_	_
n.e.c	19,635	3.8	2,080	19,676	4.4	2,080	-	_	-
Service	22,865	4.8	2,009	17,433	5.8	1,961	33,164	4.2	2,100
Protective service  Firefighting  Police and detectives, public	29,513 38,640	3.6	2,170 2,732	-	-	-	39,404 38,640	.6 .3	2,245 2,732
serviceSheriffs, bailiffs, and other law	42,597	6.6	2,130	_	_	-	42,597	6.6	2,130
enforcement officers Correctional institution officers	34,643 29,311	2.0 2.0	2,080 2,081	_	_	_	34,643 29,311	2.0 2.0	2,080 2,081
Food service	14,474	22.5	1,851	14,442	23.8	1,866	-		
bartenders  Health service  Nursing aides, orderlies and	13,233 19,457	39.0 6.5	1,906 1,944	13,233 18,912	39.0 6.7	1,906 1,925	<u> </u>	_	_
attendantsCleaning and building service	18,569 20,901	5.0 7.1	1,913 1,903	- 23,300	- 9.7	_ 2,019	- 17,654	- 3.7	_ 1,747
Janitors and cleaners Personal service	20,537 17,689	8.8 10.3	1,865 1,800	24,237 –	15.5 –	2,016 –	17,654 23,252	3.7 5.7	1,747 1,758

<sup>1</sup> Earnings are the straight-time annual wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule

cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is

the minimum full-time schedule.

3 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

5 Mean annual hours are the hours an employee is scheduled to work in a year,

exclusive of overtime.

Table 4-1. Selected occupations<sup>1</sup> and levels,<sup>2</sup> all workers:<sup>3</sup> Mean hourly earnings,<sup>4</sup> private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent	
dl	\$17.63	6.4	\$16.69	8.8	\$20.70	1.8	
All excluding sales	18.19	6.5	17.31	9.3	20.84	1.8	
White collar	22.10	8.0	21.22	12.0	24.32	3.3	
1	8.39	8.6	8.29	9.9	_	_	
2	9.05	4.3	8.68	4.5	11.29	1.6	
3	11.51	2.9	11.49	3.3	11.57	6.5	
4	12.29	2.6	12.21	2.9	12.92	3.5	
5	14.47	2.7	14.71	3.5	13.92	1.8	
6 7	17.64 19.32	3.1 2.9	16.75 19.97	4.5 3.9	18.74 17.19	1.4 1.9	
8	24.35	3.2	21.71	4.0	27.92	6.9	
9	28.30	2.2	26.23	3.7	30.13	1.4	
10	33.35	8.0	-	-	35.63	6.6	
11	34.08	4.9	36.42	6.5	32.21	4.1	
Not able to be leveled	23.19	14.8	20.03	18.8	36.45	6.7	
White collar excluding sales	24.13	7.6	23.88	11.6	24.63	2.8	
2	10.02	2.4	9.58	2.6	11.29	1.6	
3	12.02	2.9	12.17	3.2	11.57	6.5	
4	13.23	2.2	13.31	2.5	12.92	3.5	
5	14.30	2.2	14.33	2.9	14.22	.8	
6	18.18	2.4	17.44	5.2	18.74	1.4	
7	19.14	3.2	19.75	4.0	17.19	1.9	
8	24.35	3.2	21.71	4.0	27.92	6.9	
9	28.41	2.3	26.39	3.9	30.13	1.4	
10	33.35	8.0	-	_	35.63	6.6	
11 Not able to be leveled	34.08 26.88	4.9 10.9	36.42 23.79	6.5 14.9	32.21 36.45	4.1 6.7	
Professional specialty and technical	25.54	2.7	22.69	4.7	28.96	2.6	
Professional specialty	27.56	2.7	25.14	5.4	29.34	2.6	
5	_	_	_	_	13.45	13.6	
6	17.99	8.8			18.41	7.9	
7	18.69	3.5	20.23	4.8	17.62	3.3	
8	25.49	3.0	21.60	2.3	30.25	4.7	
9	29.08	2.1	25.97	5.2	30.19	1.4	
10 11	34.28 30.39	7.4 5.6	_	_	_	_	
Not able to be leveled	33.93	15.1	_	_			
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	25.88	6.7	25.28	6.4	_	_	
Mathematical and computer scientists	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Health related	23.69	5.4	22.79	5.7	29.95	17.2	
-	20.81	3.7	20.71	4.2	_	_	
9 Registered nurses	26.36 21.75	6.3 5.4	26.36 21.59	7.6 6.1	22.84	4.2	
8	23.01	2.5	23.23	2.5	22.04	4.2	
Teachers, college and university	25.01		25.25	2.5	_	_	
Teachers, except college and university	30.80	2.7	25.05	11.7	31.21	2.6	
8	32.78	1.0	-	_	-	_	
9	30.71	1.0	_	_	30.77	.7	
Elementary school teachers	31.18	1.5	_	_	31.31	1.3	
9	30.54	1.0	_	_	30.44	.9	
Secondary school teachers	31.68	.7	_	_	31.56	.6	
9	31.09	.6	_	_	_	_	
Librarians, archivists, and curators	31.03	4.5	-	-	-	_	
Librarians	31.03	4.5	-	-	_	_	
Social scientists and urban planners	-	7.4	_	-	10.51	7.0	
Social, recreation, and religious workers	20.90	7.4	_	-	19.51	7.2	
6 Social workers	16.80	5.0	_	_	16.80 19.51	5.0	
6	20.90 16.80	7.4 5.0	_	_	16.80	7.2 5.0	
Lawyers and judges	-	3.0	_	I [	10.00	5.0	
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	22.20		_		_		
professionals, n.e.c.	23.20	4.4	10.10	_ 	18.63	67	
Technical	19.15	4.7	19.19	5.1	18.63	6.7	

Table 4-1. Selected occupations<sup>1</sup> and levels,<sup>2</sup> all workers:<sup>3</sup> Mean hourly earnings,<sup>4</sup> private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local nment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent
White collar -Continued						
Professional specialty and technical –Continued Technical –Continued						
4	\$15.04	2.5	\$15.04	2.5	_	_
5	15.46	2.6	· –	_	_	_
6	17.31	3.4	_	_	_	_
Licensed practical nurses	15.32	1.6	15.40	1.6	-	_
Executive, administrative, and managerial	35.95	9.9	37.73	9.6	\$27.46	10.6
7	18.52	6.3	18.50	6.5	Ψ <u></u> 27.10	-
8	17.59	10.9	_	-	_	_
9	26.92	5.4	26.92	5.6	_	_
11	35.68	7.9	-	_	_	-
Not able to be leveled	34.86	12.0	34.80	17.5	34.97	4.8
Executives, administrators, and managers	43.42	9.5	44.98	9.4	34.19	5.0
11	36.50	9.3	_	_	_	_
Not able to be leveled	38.02	11.1	40.53	17.0	34.97	4.8
Administrators and officials, public administration	36.22	7.6		_	36.22	7.6
Managers and administrators, n.e.c	46.93	8.5	47.00	8.5	_	
Management related	21.96	3.9	22.70	5.7	19.43	1.2
7	18.54	6.5	-	_	_	_
Accountants and auditors	22.98	5.6	24.18	3.4	10.55	- 27
Construction inspectors	19.55	3.7	_	_	19.55	3.7
Sales	11.01	6.0	10.97	6.2	_	_
2	7.85	9.5	7.85	9.5	_	_
3	8.82	3.8	8.82	3.8	_	_
4	11.07	6.3	11.07	6.3	_	_
Cashiers	8.27	10.2	8.23	10.9	_	_
2	8.03	11.4	8.03	11.4	-	_
Administrative support, including clerical	13.21	2.8	13.08	3.7	13.56	2.2
2	10.02	2.4	9.58	2.6	11.29	1.6
3	12.11	3.1	12.31	3.5	11.57	6.5
4	12.86	1.9	12.85	2.3	12.92	3.5
5	13.85	2.4	13.59	4.0	14.30	.4
6	18.59	4.0	_	_	18.55	3.0
7	20.05	7.1	_		_	_
Not able to be leveled	13.54	3.1	13.54	3.1	45.50	
Secretaries	14.64	7.3	13.80	13.8	15.58	6.4
4Library clerks	12.62 9.40	1.4 3.0	-	_	- 9.40	3.0
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	13.15	5.3	12.84	6.2	9.40	3.0
4	14.55	6.4	14.06	8.3	_	_
General office clerks	12.38	2.5	12.37	3.4	12.40	4.2
3	11.77	4.7	11.87	4.9	-	
4	12.60	5.0	_	_	12.53	5.0
Teachers' aides	11.94	.6	_	_	11.94	.6
Administrative support, n.e.c	12.10	5.3	-	-	11.83	10.0
Blue collar	15.20	20	15.20	2.2	1464	20
1	15.20 8.64	2.8 6.7	15.29 8.51	3.3 6.8	14.64 –	3.9
2	9.54	5.2	9.45	5.4	10.54	11.5
3	15.26	4.9	16.24	7.0	10.93	2.1
4	14.51	5.6	14.90	7.8	13.70	4.9
5	16.16	1.9	16.46	1.7	13.96	1.9
6	19.79	2.1	19.94	1.6	19.06	7.8
7	19.55	1.6	19.58	2.0	19.45	2.2
8	21.82	4.6	-	-	_	-
Precision production, craft, and repair	18.89	5.8	19.26	6.9	17.07	4.1
3	11.14	2.1	-	-	-	
4	14.04	6.1		_		l

Table 4-1. Selected occupations<sup>1</sup> and levels,<sup>2</sup> all workers:<sup>3</sup> Mean hourly earnings,<sup>4</sup> private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government		
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent	
Blue collar -Continued							
Precision production, craft, and repair -Continued	040.00		040.74	0.0			
5	\$16.36	2.8	\$16.74	2.0	-	_	
6	18.88	4.8	18.55	2.2	\$19.33	9.9	
7	19.61	1.7	19.65	2.0	19.45	2.2	
8	21.82	4.6	_	-	_	_	
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	16.26	4.3	_	-	_	_	
Electricians	19.68	8.6	-	_	_	_	
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters Construction trades, n.e.c	18.52 12.97	8.9 9.0	18.56 –	8.9	_	_	
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	13.88	5.6	13.95	5.6	-	_	
2	8.80	9.8	8.80	9.8	-	_	
3	20.09	10.5	20.09	10.5	-	_	
4	15.11	6.3	15.11	6.3	-	_	
5	16.48	6.1	16.48	6.1	-	_	
7	18.99	8.7	18.99	8.7	_	-	
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	13.60	22.0	13.60	22.0	_	-	
Assemblers	17.82	9.3	17.82	9.3	_	_	
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	12.51	17.3	12.51	17.3	_	_	
Transportation and material moving	14.95	6.0	15.57	6.2	12.77	4.7	
2	10.85	1.4	_	-	_	-	
3	13.53	4.7	_	-	<del>-</del>		
4	16.31	7.8	_	-	13.16	8.0	
5	13.11	4.1	_	-	_	_	
Truck drivers	16.75	6.8	17.56	4.0	-	-	
Bus driversIndustrial truck and tractor equipment operators	11.46 14.97	7.0 8.3	- 14.97	- 8.3	12.53 -	2.2	
Miscellaneous material moving equipment operators, n.e.c.	12.72	7.3	_	-	_	_	
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	9.26	5.9	8.99	5.9	11.43	11.5	
1	8.11	6.9	8.11	7.0	_	_	
2	9.36	4.1	9.26	2.1	_	_	
3	10.72	6.0	10.88	7.7	_	_	
4	10.38	11.1	_	_	_	_	
Stock handlers and baggers	8.01	4.8	8.01	4.8	_	_	
1	6.83	10.4	6.83	10.4	_	_	
2	9.11	1.9	9.11	1.9	_	_	
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	10.60	3.1	10.60	3.1	-	_	
ervice	9.87	2.6	8.04	5.1	15.27	2.5	
1	8.19	9.2	8.00	11.4	9.54	2.1	
2	6.99	6.3	6.81	7.2	9.74	2.9	
3	-	-	- 11.50		10.10	4.0	
4	11.81	3.6	11.56	3.8	12.39	6.1	
5	14.19	2.5	-	-	14.10	2.5	
6	15.06	1.2	-	-	15.06	1.2	
7	20.10	.6	-	-	20.10	.6	
Protective service	12.34	3.5	-	_	17.52	.8	
5	14.16	2.8	-	_	14.16	2.8	
6	15.06	1.2	_	-	15.06	1.2	
7	20.10	.6	-	_	20.10	.6	
Firefighting	14.14	.8	-	_	14.14	.8	
5	13.53	1.0	-	-	13.53	1.0	
Police and detectives, public service	20.00	7.2	-	_	20.00	7.2	
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement	10.00				46.00	0.0	
	16.66	2.0	_	-	16.66	2.0	
officers		1 00			4 4 00		
Correctional institution officers	14.08	2.0	- 6.07	12.0	14.08	2.0	
		2.0 12.6 15.6	- 6.87 7.87	13.8 17.6	14.08 -	2.0	

Table 4-1. Selected occupations1 and levels,2 all workers:3 Mean hourly earnings,4 private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005 Continued

	Тс	otal	Private	industry		nd local nment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent)
Complete Continued						
Service –Continued Food service –Continued						
3	\$6.54	18.0	\$6.54	18.0		
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders		26.8	6.05	26.8		_
1	8.59	26.3	8.59	26.3	_	
2	3.98	23.5	3.98	23.5	_	_
Waiters and waitresses	5.92	36.2	5.92	36.2	_	_
2	3.85	25.5	3.85	25.5	_	_
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	6.37	5.4	6.37	5.4	_	_
Other food service	8.04	2.4	7.88	2.4	_	_
1	7.22	4.9	6.84	1.5	_	_
2	7.59	8.2	7.47	8.3	_	_
3	8.29	6.5	8.29	6.5	_	_
Cooks	8.79	3.2	8.76	3.3	_	_
Kitchen workers, food preparation	8.06	1.0	8.06	1.0	_	_
Food preparation, n.e.c.	7.09	7.0	6.56	4.7	_	_
1	7.26	6.5	6.73	1.5	_	_
Health service	9.57	3.5	9.49	3.8	\$10.09	6.8
2	8.99	3.7	8.99	3.7		_
3	9.72	2.6	_	_	_	_
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	9.36	2.5	9.22	2.5	_	_
2	9.04	4.0	9.04	4.0	_	_
3	9.72	2.6	_	_	_	_
Cleaning and building service	10.44	6.8	10.60	10.0	10.10	1.3
1	8.91	4.6	8.62	5.2	_	_
2	12.32	21.6	-	_	_	_
3	10.45	4.0	_	_	10.45	4.0
4	11.35	1.1	_	_	_	_
Janitors and cleaners	10.36	8.0	10.54	13.9	10.10	1.3
1	9.07	5.3	8.81	6.5	-	-
3	10.45	4.0	_	-	10.45	4.0
Personal service	9.33	10.9	7.30	8.7	12.50	5.0
4	13.98	8.0	_	-	13.98	8.0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more

employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval"

around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

information. <sup>2</sup> Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on four factors, including knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, and physical environment. The knowledge factor is tailored to 24 families of closely related jobs. Points are assigned based on the occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendix A for more

information.

3 All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

4 Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to

Table 4-2. Selected occupations<sup>1</sup> and levels,<sup>2</sup> full-time workers:<sup>3</sup> Mean hourly earnings,<sup>4</sup> private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent)
All	\$19.14	6.2	\$18.43	8.9	\$21.15	1.7
All excluding sales	19.58	6.3	18.93	9.1	21.29	1.6
White collar	23.07	7.7	22.49	11.7	24.39	3.3
1	9.12	6.5	-	-	-	_
2	10.34	3.3	9.93	4.1	11.29	1.6
3	11.80	2.4	11.82	2.6	11.73	5.7
4 5	12.58	1.8	12.52	2.1	12.92	3.5
6	14.59 17.82	2.6 3.5	14.88 16.92	3.4 5.4	13.92 18.80	1.8 1.3
7	19.26	3.1	19.92	4.1	17.19	1.9
8	24.34	3.3	21.50	4.4	27.92	6.9
9	28.30	2.3	26.14	3.9	30.13	1.4
10	33.35	8.0	_	-	35.63	6.6
11	34.08	4.9	36.42	6.5	32.21	4.1
Not able to be leveled	23.72	13.6	20.51	17.8	36.46	6.8
White collar excluding sales	24.42	7.6	24.27	11.7	24.70	2.8
2	10.24	3.4	9.65	4.4	11.29	1.6
3	12.02	2.6	12.12	2.9	11.73	5.7
4	13.23	2.2	13.31	2.6	12.92	3.5
5	14.43	2.0	14.50	2.6	14.22	.8
6	18.46	2.5	17.90	6.1	18.80	1.3
7	19.07	3.4	19.68	4.3	17.19	1.9
8	24.34	3.3	21.50	4.4	27.92	6.9
9	28.41	2.4	26.30	4.1	30.13	1.4
10 11	33.35 34.08	8.0 4.9	- 36.42	- 6.5	35.63 32.21	6.6 4.1
Not able to be leveled	26.94	11.0	23.80	15.3	36.46	6.8
Professional specialty and technical	25.72	2.9	22.78	5.1	28.99	2.6
Professional specialty	27.77	2.8	25.38	5.9	29.34	2.6
5	_	_	_	_	13.45	13.6
6	18.41	7.9	_	_	18.41	7.9
7	18.38	3.8	19.90	6.6	17.62	3.3
8	25.53	3.2	21.28	2.3	30.25	4.7
9	29.11	2.0	25.67	5.1	30.19	1.4
10	34.28	7.4	_	_	_	_
11 Engineers, architects, and surveyors	30.39 25.88	5.6 6.7	25.28	6.4	_	_
Mathematical and computer scientists	-	- 0.7	25.20	- 0.4	_	_
Health related	23.37	5.8	22.23	6.0	29.95	17.2
8	20.26	2.2	20.07	2.5	-	_
9	24.70	1.7	_	_	_	_
Registered nurses	21.29	6.2	21.00	7.1	22.84	4.2
8	22.66	1.7	22.87	1.8	_	_
Teachers, college and university	_	_	_	_	_	_
Teachers, except college and university	30.95	2.6	26.18	14.8	31.21	2.6
8	32.78	1.0	_	_	- <del>-</del>	_
9	30.88	.8	_	_	30.77	.7
Elementary school teachers	31.18	1.5	_	_	31.31	1.3
9	30.54	1.0	_	_	30.44	.9
Secondary school teachers	31.68	.7	_	_	31.56	.6
9Librarians, archivists, and curators	31.09 31.03	.6 4.5	_	_	_	_
Librarians	31.03	4.5	_	_	_	
Social scientists and urban planners	-	-	_		_	_
Social, recreation, and religious workers	20.90	7.4	_	_	19.51	7.2
6	16.80	5.0	_	_	16.80	5.0
Social workers	20.90	7.4	_	_	19.51	7.2
6	16.80	5.0	_	-	16.80	5.0
Lawyers and judges	_	_	_	-	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and						
professionals, n.e.c.	_	-	_	-	_	-
Technical	19.29	5.0	19.32	5.5	18.89	7.1
4	15.04	2.5	15.04	2.5		_

Table 4-2. Selected occupations<sup>1</sup> and levels,<sup>2</sup> full-time workers:<sup>3</sup> Mean hourly earnings,<sup>4</sup> private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percen
White collar -Continued						
Professional specialty and technical –Continued Technical –Continued						
5	\$15.46	2.6				
6	17.79	5.1	_			_
Licensed practical nurses	15.13	1.5	_		_	_
Executive, administrative, and managerial	36.01	9.9	\$37.80	9.5	\$27.46	10.6
7	18.52	6.3	18.50	6.5	_	_
8	17.59	10.9	_		_	_
9	26.92	5.4	26.92	5.6	_	_
11	35.68	7.9	-	-	_	-
Not able to be leveled	35.24	11.7	35.38	17.2	_	_
Executives, administrators, and managers	43.42	9.5	44.98	9.4	34.19	5.1
11	36.50	9.3	-	_	_	_
Not able to be leveled	38.03	11.1	40.53	17.0	_	-
Administrators and officials, public administration	36.22	7.6	-	-	36.22	7.6
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	46.93	8.5	47.00	8.5	_	_
Management related	21.97	3.9	22.72	5.7	19.43	1.2
7	18.54	6.5	_	_	_	_
Accountants and auditors	23.04	5.9	_	_	_	_
Construction inspectors	19.55	3.7	_	-	19.55	3.7
Sales	12.36	6.0	12.40	6.5	_	_
4	11.45	5.7	11.45	5.7	_	_
Sales, other business services	10.74 9.68	26.1 11.1	10.74	26.1	_	_
Administrative support, including clerical	13.36 10.24	2.6 3.4	13.25 9.65	3.4 4.4	13.63 11.29	2.5 1.6
3	12.12	2.9	12.26	3.5	11.73	5.7
4	12.87	2.0	12.85	2.4	12.92	3.5
5	13.85	2.4	13.59	4.1	14.30	.4
6	18.59	4.0	_	_	18.55	3.0
7	20.05	7.1	_	_	_	_
Not able to be leveled	13.54	3.1	13.54	3.1	_	_
Secretaries	14.98	7.8	14.34	15.4	15.58	6.4
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	13.15	5.3	12.84	6.2	_	_
4	14.55	6.4	14.06	8.3	_	_
General office clerks	12.38	2.5	12.37	3.4	12.40	4.2
3	11.77	4.7	11.87	4.9	_	_
4	12.60	5.0	-	_	12.53	5.0
Teachers' aides	11.94	.6	-	_	11.94	.6
Administrative support, n.e.c.	12.13	5.5	-	_	11.83	10.0
Blue collar	16.00	2.5	16.12	2.9	15.20	2.4
1	9.80	1.4	9.68	1.3	_	
2	9.65	5.9	9.54	5.9	_	_
3	15.68	5.4	16.54	7.3	10.77	2.0
4	14.66	5.8	15.12	8.3	13.72	5.1
5	16.16	1.9	16.46	1.7	13.96	1.9
6	19.79	2.1	19.94	1.6	19.06	7.8
7	19.55	1.6	19.58	2.0	19.45	2.2
8	21.82	4.6	_	-	_	-
Precision production, craft, and repair	19.04	5.9	19.45	7.1	17.07	4.1
3	11.00	2.7	-	_	_	-
4	14.04	6.1	_		_	-
5	16.36	2.8	16.74	2.0	, <del>-</del>	-
6	18.88	4.8	18.55	2.2	19.33	9.9
7	19.61	1.7	19.65	2.0	19.45	2.2
8	21.82	4.6	-	-	_	-
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c	16.26	4.3		_		_

Table 4-2. Selected occupations<sup>1</sup> and levels,<sup>2</sup> full-time workers:<sup>3</sup> Mean hourly earnings,<sup>4</sup> private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005 — Continued

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local nment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent)
Blue collar –Continued						
Precision production, craft, and repair -Continued						
Electricians	\$19.68	8.6	_	_	_	_
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	18.52	8.9	\$18.56	8.9	-	_
Construction trades, n.e.c.	12.97	9.0	_	_	_	_
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	13.88	5.6	13.95	5.6	_	_
2	8.80	9.8	8.80	9.8	_	_
3	20.09	10.5	20.09	10.5	_	_
4	15.11	6.3	15.11	6.3	_	_
5	16.48	6.1	16.48	6.1	-	-
7	18.99	8.7	18.99	8.7	-	-
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	13.60	22.0	13.60	22.0	_	_
Assemblers	17.82	9.3	17.82	9.3	_	_
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	12.51	17.3	12.51	17.3	_	_
Transportation and material moving	15.41	5.7	15.96	5.8	\$13.11	5.3
3	13.41	4.2	-	3.6	φ13.11	3.3
4	16.35	7.8	_	_	_	_
5	13.11	4.1	_	_	_	_
-	16.88		17.75	4.2	_	_
Truck drivers		7.0	17.75		_	_
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators Miscellaneous material moving equipment	14.97	8.3	14.97	8.3	_	_
operators, n.e.c.	12.72	7.3	_	_	_	_
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	10.36	2.8	10.00	1.5	12.74	5.3
1	9.57	2.1	9.57	2.1	_	_
2	10.03	5.5	9.66	3.9	_	_
3	10.24	3.4	_	_	_	_
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	10.33	2.5	10.33	2.5	_	_
Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	9.44	3.8	9.46	4.4	_	_
Service	11.38	4.3	8.89	8.3	15.79	3.3
1	10.74	22.3	11.02	27.1	15.79	3.3
2	6.55	21.2	6.13	24.6	9.88	3.0
3	-		_		10.57	2.4
4	11.95	3.7	11.56	3.8	13.04	3.5
5	14.19	2.5	_	_	14.10	2.5
6	15.06	1.2	_	_	15.06	1.2
7	20.10	.6	_	_	20.10	.6
Protective service	13.60	3.4	_	_	17.56	.9
5	14.16	2.8	_	_	14.16	2.8
6	15.06	1.2	_	_	15.06	1.2
7	20.10	.6	_	_	20.10	.6
Firefighting		-	_	l _		_
5	14.14 13.53	1.0	_	_	14.14 13.53	1.0
Police and detectives, public service	20.00	7.2	_	_	20.00	7.2
officers	16.66	2.0	_	_	16.66	2.0
Correctional institution officers	14.08	2.0	_	_	14.08	2.0
Food service	7.82	26.2	7.74	27.5	_	_
2	3.72	24.6	3.59	25.2	_	_
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	6.94	41.2	6.94	41.2	l –	_
	10.01	5.3	9.83	5.6	l –	_
Health service		3.1	_	-	l –	_
	9 / 1			1	1	1
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	9.71 10.98		11 54	9.7	10 11	1.3
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	10.98	6.7	11.54 9.03	9.7 8.7	10.11	1.3
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	10.98 9.31	6.7 5.5	11.54 9.03	8.7	10.11	
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	10.98	6.7			10.11 - - 10.11	

Table 4-2. Selected occupations<sup>1</sup> and levels,<sup>2</sup> full-time workers:<sup>3</sup> Mean hourly earnings,<sup>4</sup> private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005 — Continued

Occupation and level	Тс	otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent)
Service –Continued Personal service	\$9.82	10.7	_	_	\$13.23	4.4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is evaluated based on four factors, including knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, and physical environment. The knowledge factor is tailored to 24 families of closely related jobs. Points are assigned based on the occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendix A for more information.

determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendix A for more information.

3 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time reduced based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

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The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A

Table 4-3. Selected occupations<sup>1</sup> and levels,<sup>2</sup> part-time workers:<sup>3</sup> Mean hourly earnings,<sup>4</sup> private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005

	To	otal	Private	industry		nd local rnment
Occupation and level	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent)
All	\$8.62 8.68	5.9 5.9	\$8.55 8.60	6.3 6.4	\$9.68 9.68	4.8 4.8
White collar	11.39	8.4	11.41	8.6	_	_
2	7.88	6.5	7.88	6.5	_	_
3	9.91	10.0	_		_	_
White collar excluding sales	16.50	11.1	16.79	11.7	_	_
3	12.05	18.0	-	-	-	_
Professional specialty and technical	21.51	8.2	21.66	8.4	_	_
Professional specialty	23.16	9.0	23.16	9.0	_	_
Health related	25.63	7.8	25.63	7.8	_	_
Registered nurses	23.66	4.1	23.66	4.1	_	_
Teachers, college and university	_	_	_	_	_	_
Teachers, except college and university Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	-	-	-	-	-	_
professionals, n.e.c	_	_	-	_	_	_
Technical	_	_	_	_	_	_
Executive, administrative, and managerial	_	_	_	-	-	_
Executives, administrators, and managers	_	_	_	-	_	_
Management related	-	-	-	-	-	_
Sales	8.36	10.0	8.36	10.0	_	_
2	7.19	4.3	7.19	4.3	_	_
Cashiers	7.78	9.0	7.78	9.0	_	_
2	7.20	5.5	7.20	5.5	-	_
Administrative support, including clerical	10.50 12.05	9.6 18.0	10.66	10.3	-	_ _
BL II	0.00		0.00		40.04	0.7
Blue collar	8.32	7.5 4.2	8.00	7.5 4.1	10.21	9.7
2	6.93 8.76	6.7	6.92	4.1	_	_
	0.70	0.7				
Precision production, craft, and repair	_	-	-	-	-	_
Transportation and material moving Bus drivers	10.34 10.48	6.6 7.2	- -	-	11.57 –	1.4 -
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	7.66	8.4	7.64	9.2	_	_
1	6.88	4.1	6.87	4.0	_	_
2	8.07	5.0	_	-	_	_
Stock handlers and baggers	6.80	5.3	6.80	5.3	_	-
1	6.25	1.2	6.25	1.2	-	_
Service	7.11	7.0	7.00	7.3	9.09	4.2
1	6.68	3.0	6.47	.6	-	-
2	7.45	20.3	7.44	20.6	_	_
3	7.05	7.5	6.98	7.9	_	-
Protective service	-	-	-	-	-	_
Food service	6.39	10.7	6.24	10.9	-	-
1	6.35	6.1	6.06	5.3	-	_
2	6.55	41.8	6.55	41.8	-	-
3	5.99	19.8	5.99	19.8	_	_
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	5.09	27.3	5.09	27.3	_	_
1	5.18	16.2	5.18	16.2	-	_
Other food service	7.39	2.8	7.21	1.1	-	_
1	7.22	4.9	6.84	1.5	-	_
2	6.88	7.0	6.88	7.0	-	_
3	7.86	3.1	7.86	3.1	-	-
Kitchen workers, food preparation	7.77	3.0	7.77	3.0	-	_
Food preparation, n.e.c.	7.09	7.0	6.56	4.7	-	-
1	7.26	6.5 4.2	6.73	1.5	-	_
Health service	8.81		8.90	4.8		

Table 4-3. Selected occupations<sup>1</sup> and levels,<sup>2</sup> part-time workers:<sup>3</sup> Mean hourly earnings,<sup>4</sup> private industry and State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005 — Continued

Occupation and level	To	otal	Private	industry	State and local government	
	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent)	Mean	Relative error <sup>5</sup> (percent)
Service –Continued  Health service –Continued  Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants  Cleaning and building service  Personal service	\$8.84 - 7.82	4.6 - 14.5	\$8.96 - -	5.2 - -	- - -	_ _ _

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

<sup>2</sup> Each occupation for which data are collected in an establishment is

where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.  $^4$  Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a

percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

evaluated based on four factors, including knowledge, job controls and complexity, contacts, and physical environment. The knowledge factor is tailored to 24 families of closely related jobs. Points are assigned based on the occupation's rank within each factor. The points are summed to determine the overall level of the occupation. See appendix A for more

<sup>3</sup> Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm,

Table 5-1. Selected worker characteristics: Mean hourly earnings<sup>1</sup> by occupational group,<sup>2</sup> National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005

		Private indu	stry and Sta	ate and local g	jovernment			
Occupational group	Full-time workers <sup>3</sup>	Part-time workers <sup>3</sup>	Union <sup>4</sup>	Nonunion <sup>4</sup>	Time <sup>5</sup>	Incentive <sup>5</sup>		
			N	lean				
All occupations	\$19.14 19.58	\$8.62 8.68	\$16.20 16.20	\$17.76 18.40	\$17.64 18.20	\$17.06 17.70		
White collar	23.07 24.42	11.39 16.50	21.23 21.23	22.10 24.15	22.31 24.33	16.17 16.87		
Professional specialty and technical	25.72 27.77 19.29 36.01 12.36	21.51 23.16 - - 8.36	- - - -	25.58 27.56 19.13 35.95 11.01	25.54 27.56 19.15 36.05 10.68	- - - -		
Administrative support, including clerical	13.36	10.50	22.18	13.07	13.27	_		
Blue collar Precision production, craft, and repair Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors Transportation and material moving Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	16.00 19.04 13.88 15.41 10.36	8.32 - - 10.34 7.66	15.99 - 17.26 12.27 10.91	14.88 19.93 11.96 15.52 8.97	15.11 18.89 13.88 14.55 9.26	- - - -		
Service	11.38	7.11	-	9.80	9.70	_		
	Relative error <sup>6</sup> (percent)							
All occupations	6.2 6.3	5.9 5.9	3.8 3.8	7.0 7.2	6.5 6.7	7.1 7.5		
White collar	7.7 7.6	8.4 11.1	1.4 1.4	8.1 7.6	8.2 7.7	10.0 12.7		
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Technical	2.9 2.8 5.0	8.2 9.0 –	- - -	2.8 2.7 4.9	2.7 2.7 4.7	- - -		
Executive, administrative, and managerial	9.9 6.0 2.6	10.0 9.6	- - 4.6	9.9 6.0 2.7	10.1 6.4 3.0	- - -		
Blue collar	2.5 5.9 5.6 5.7 2.8	7.5 - - 6.6 8.4	3.4 - 12.1 9.7 4.1	4.4 10.4 11.6 5.9 6.8	2.9 5.9 5.6 5.9 5.9	- - -		
Service	4.3	7.0	-	2.6	3.3	_		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

<sup>2</sup> A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more intermatics.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

information.  $^3$  Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Union workers are those whose wages are determined through

Onlon workers are those whose wages are determined unlocal collective bargaining.

5 Time workers' wages are based solely on an hourly rate or salary; incentive workers are those whose wages are at least partially based on productivity payments such as piece rates, commissions, and production

bonuses.  $^{6}$  The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix

Table 5-2. Major industry division: Mean hourly earnings1 by occupational group,2 private industry, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005

				Fu	II-time an	d part-tir	me workers			
		Good	s-produc	ing indus	stries <sup>3</sup>		Service-	producing in	dustries <sup>4</sup>	
Occupational group	All private industries	Total	Mining	Con- struc- tion	Manu- factur- ing	Total	Transport- ation and public util- ities	Wholesale and retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Serv- ices
						Mean				
All occupations	\$16.69	\$18.62	_	_	\$18.77	_	_	\$10.57	_	_
All excluding sales		18.62	_	-	18.77	_	_	10.49	_	_
White collar		24.80 24.80	_ _	- -	24.80 24.80	_ _		12.57 17.32	- -	_
Professional specialty and technical	22.69	23.75	_	_	23.75	_	_	_	_	_
Professional specialty		23.68	_	-	23.68	_	_	_	-	-
Technical		-	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	-
Executive, administrative, and managerial		35.31	_	_	35.31	_	_		_	-
Sales		-	_	-	-	_	-	10.70	_	-
Administrative support, including clerical	13.08	14.57	_	-	14.57	_	_	_	_	_
Blue collar	15.29	16.23	_	_	16.27	_	-	12.11	_	-
Precision production, craft, and repair	19.26	19.73	_	-	-	_	_	13.72	_	-
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	13.95	13.95	_	_	13.94	_	_	_	_	-
Transportation and material moving  Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and	15.57	14.42	_	_	13.93	_	_	_	_	_
laborers	8.99	9.88	_	-	9.94	-	_	8.28	-	-
Service	8.04	-	_	-	-	-	_	5.75	-	_
					Relative	e error <sup>5</sup> (	percent)			
All occupations	8.8	6.3	_	_	6.9	_	_	5.3	_	_
All excluding sales		6.3	-	-	6.9	-	_	6.6	-	_
White collar	12.0	10.8	_	_	10.8	_	_	7.3	_	_
White-collar excluding sales	11.6	10.8	_	-	10.8	_	_	25.6	_	_
Professional specialty and technical	4.7	4.5	_	_	4.5	_	_	_	_	_
Professional specialty		6.0	_	_	6.0	_	_	_	_	_
Technical		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Executive, administrative, and managerial	9.6	.3	_	_	.3	_	_	_	_	-
Sales		-	_	-	-	_	_	6.4	_	-
Administrative support, including clerical	3.7	5.6	_	-	5.6	-	_	_	_	-
Blue collar	3.3	3.8	_	_	3.5	_	_	14.8	_	_
Precision production, craft, and repair	6.9	8.9	_	-	-	_	_	6.3	_	-
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors		6.0	_	-	6.0	-	-	_	_	-
Transportation and material moving	6.2	6.3	_	-	6.4	_	-	_	_	-
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	5.9	1.1	_	_	1.3	_	_	7.6	_	_
Service	5.1	_	_	_	_	_	_	7.9	_	_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.
<sup>2</sup> A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.
<sup>3</sup> Goods-producing industries include mining, construction, and manufacturing.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Service-producing industries include transportation and public utilities; wholesale and retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services.
<sup>5</sup> The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 5-3. Establishment employment size: Mean hourly earnings1 by occupational group,2 private industry, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005

		Full-time	and part-time	e workers			
Occupational group	All private		100	workers or r	nore		
Occupational group	All private industry workers	50 - 99 workers <sup>3</sup>	Total	100 - 499 workers	500 workers or more		
			Mean				
All occupations	\$16.69	\$16.85	\$16.61	\$14.07	\$19.86		
	17.31	17.18	17.37	14.76	20.11		
White collar	21.22	28.01	19.11	16.76	21.80		
	23.88	30.87	21.48	20.31	22.32		
Professional specialty and technical	22.69	19.45	23.02	23.63	22.61		
	25.14	20.57	25.77	31.06	23.91		
	19.19	-	19.38	19.38	19.36		
	37.73	-	33.12	26.20	38.03		
	10.97	10.87	10.99	11.23	-		
	13.08	13.56	12.94	13.42	12.57		
Blue collar	15.29 19.26 13.95 15.57 8.99	13.36 18.17 10.32 15.98 8.44 7.32	16.15 19.53 14.96 15.14 9.46	13.88 17.92 12.42 17.40 8.91	18.18 - 18.22 12.34 10.87 11.00		
		Relat	ative error <sup>4</sup> (percent)				
All occupations All excluding sales	8.8	24.4	6.0	9.2	7.2		
	9.3	25.1	5.7	9.4	7.2		
White collar	12.0	26.0	9.2	12.6	13.6		
	11.6	23.9	7.8	9.8	13.6		
Professional specialty and technical Professional specialty Technical Executive, administrative, and managerial Sales Administrative support, including clerical	4.7	10.2	5.1	10.5	3.4		
	5.4	13.6	5.8	18.9	4.7		
	5.1	-	5.3	5.6	9.9		
	9.6	-	4.2	17.6	15.0		
	6.2	26.4	4.4	3.7	–		
	3.7	6.2	3.7	7.1	3.6		
Blue collar  Precision production, craft, and repair  Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors  Transportation and material moving  Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers  Service	3.3	8.1	4.1	9.7	6.4		
	6.9	5.7	8.6	3.8	-		
	5.6	21.3	4.1	7.7	.9		
	6.2	6.0	9.2	12.2	9.5		
	5.9	10.8	4.4	6.6	4.4		

<sup>1</sup> Earnings are the straight-time hourly wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, holidays, nonproduction bonuses, and tips. The mean is computed by totaling the pay of all workers and dividing by the number of workers, weighted by hours.

2 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

3 Establishments classified with 50-99 workers may contain

establishments with fewer than 50 due to staff reductions between

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria.

survey sampling and collection.

4 The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see appendix A.

Table 6-1. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005

All excluding sales		50	75	90
White collar         9.25           White collar excluding sales         11.22           Professional specialty and technical         15.12           Professional specialty         16.80           Engineers, architects, and surveyors         22.74           Mathematical and computer scientists         —           Health related         13.67           Registered nurses         15.75           Teachers, college and university         23.54           Elementary school teachers         24.43           Secondary school teachers         24.43           Secondary school teachers         24.92           Librarians         24.15           Social scientists and curators         24.15           Librarians         24.15           Social vercreation, and religious workers         14.72           Social vercreation, and religious workers         14.72           Lawyers and judges         —           Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and         professionals, n.e.c.           Technical         13.59           Licensed practical nurses         13.00           Executive, administrative, and managerial         16.83           Executives, administrators, n.e.c.         26.42           Administrators and offi	\$9.90	\$14.42	\$22.10	\$31.84
White collar excluding sales	10.17	15.12	23.08	32.52
Professional specialty and technical         15.12           Professional specialty         16.80           Engineers, architects, and surveyors         22.74           Mathematical and computer scientists         13.67           Registered nurses         15.75           Teachers, college and university         23.54           Elementary school teachers         24.43           Secondary school teachers         24.92           Librarians, archivists, and curators         24.15           Librarians, archivists, and curators         24.15           Social scientists and urban planners         -           Social vorkers         14.72           Social workers         14.72           Lawyers and judges         -           Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and professionals, n.e.c.         18.43           Technical         13.59           Licensed practical nurses         13.00           Executive, administrative, and managerial         16.83           Executives, administrators, and managers         26.42           Administrators and officials, public administration         46.25           Management related         16.83           Accountants and auditors         17.55           Construction inspectors         14.81	12.24	18.21	27.07	42.03
Professional specialty	13.81	21.22	29.90	45.43
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	18.92	24.43	30.01	37.59
Mathematical and computer scientists         –           Health related         13.67           Registered nurses         15.75           Teachers, college and university         23.54           Elementary school teachers         24.43           Secondary school teachers         24.92           Librarians         24.15           Social scientists and urban planners         –           Social scientists and urban planners         –           Social workers         14.72           Lawyers and judges         –           Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and professionals, n.e.c.         13.59           Licensed practical nurses         13.00           Executive, administrative, and managerial         16.83           Executives, administrators, and managers         26.42           Administrators and officials, public administration Managers and administrators, n.e.c.         30.50           Management related         16.83           Accountants and auditors         17.55           Construction inspectors         14.81           Sales         6.65           Cashiers         6.00           Administrative support, including clerical         9.10           Secretaries         10.05           Library	22.29	25.85	31.84	39.75
Health related	23.08	24.04	29.90	32.21
Teachers, college and university	- 17.15	21.41	25.05	33.90
Teachers, college and university	18.56	21.53	25.85 25.17	27.00
Teachers, except college and university	-	21.33	25.17	27.00
Elementary school teachers	26.08	29.93	34.79	41.71
Secondary school teachers	26.69	30.25	34.79	40.43
Librarians, archivists, and curators         24.15           Librarians         24.15           Social scientists and urban planners         -           Social, recreation, and religious workers         14.72           Lawyers and judges         -           Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and professionals, n.e.c.         18.43           Technical         13.59           Licensed practical nurses         13.00           Executive, administrative, and managerial         16.83           Executives, administrators, and managers         26.42           Administrators and officials, public administration         30.50           Managers and administrators, n.e.c.         30.50           Management related         16.83           Accountants and auditors         17.55           Construction inspectors         14.81           Sales         6.65           Cashiers         6.00           Administrative support, including clerical         9.10           Secretaries         10.05           Library clerks         8.24           Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks         9.10           General office clerks         9.68           Teachers' aides         9.47           Administrative support, n	26.72	30.52	35.66	41.71
Librarians   Social scientists and urban planners   - Social, recreation, and religious workers   14.72   Social workers   14.72   Lawyers and judges   - Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and professionals, n.e.c.   18.43   Technical   13.59   Licensed practical nurses   13.00	26.39	32.83	34.51	38.73
Social scientists and urban planners	26.39	32.83	34.51	38.73
Social, recreation, and religious workers   14.72	_	_	-	_
Social workers	16.53	21.60	25.85	25.85
Lawyers and judges   Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and professionals, n.e.c.   18.43	16.53	21.60	25.85	25.85
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and professionals, n.e.c.         18.43           Technical         13.59           Licensed practical nurses         13.00           Executive, administrative, and managerial         16.83           Executives, administrators, and managers         26.42           Administrators and officials, public administration         30.50           Managers and administrators, n.e.c.         30.50           Management related         16.83           Accountants and auditors         17.55           Construction inspectors         14.81           Sales         6.65           Cashiers         6.00           Administrative support, including clerical         9.10           Secretaries         10.05           Library clerks         8.24           Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks         9.10           General office clerks         9.68           Teachers' aides         9.47           Administrative support, n.e.c.         9.00           Blue collar         8.00           Precision production, craft, and repair         11.06           Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.         12.07           Electricians         12.59           Construction trades, n.e.c.	_	_	_	_
Technical				
Licensed practical nurses         13.00           Executive, administrative, and managerial         16.83           Executives, administrators, and managers         26.42           Administrators and officials, public administration         30.50           Managers and administrators, n.e.c.         30.50           Management related         16.83           Accountants and auditors         17.55           Construction inspectors         14.81           Sales         6.65           Cashiers         6.00           Administrative support, including clerical         9.10           Secretaries         10.05           Library clerks         8.24           Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks         9.68           Teachers' aides         9.68           Teachers' aides         9.47           Administrative support, n.e.c.         9.00           Blue collar         8.00           Precision production, craft, and repair         11.06           Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.         12.07           Electricians         17.41           Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters         12.59           Construction trades, n.e.c.         8.88           Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	21.22	23.02	24.78	27.88
Executive, administrative, and managerial         16.83           Executives, administrators, and managers         26.42           Administrators and officials, public administration         30.50           Managers and administrators, n.e.c.         30.50           Management related         16.83           Accountants and auditors         17.55           Construction inspectors         14.81           Sales         6.65           Cashiers         6.00           Administrative support, including clerical         9.10           Secretaries         10.05           Library clerks         8.24           Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks         9.10           General office clerks         9.68           Teachers' aides         9.47           Administrative support, n.e.c.         9.00           Blue collar         8.00           Precision production, craft, and repair         11.06           Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.         12.07           Electricians         12.59           Construction trades, n.e.c.         8.88           Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors         7.65           Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c.         7.51           Assemblers         8.	15.50	17.50	22.77	26.03
Executives, administrators, and managers	14.16	15.32	15.80	17.50
Executives, administrators, and managers	24.04	34.25	48.08	57.13
Administrators and officials, public administration         25.40           Managers and administrators, n.e.c.         30.50           Management related         16.83           Accountants and auditors         17.55           Construction inspectors         14.81           Sales         6.65           Cashiers         6.00           Administrative support, including clerical         9.10           Secretaries         10.05           Library clerks         8.24           Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks         9.10           General office clerks         9.68           Teachers' aides         9.47           Administrative support, n.e.c.         9.00           Blue collar         8.00           Precision production, craft, and repair         11.06           Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.         12.07           Electricians         17.41           Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters         12.59           Construction trades, n.e.c.         8.88           Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors         7.65           Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c.         7.51           Assemblers         8.00           Production inspectors, checkers and examiners         7	34.00	47.26	52.03	57.40
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.         30.50           Management related         16.83           Accountants and auditors         17.55           Construction inspectors         14.81           Sales         6.65           Cashiers         6.00           Administrative support, including clerical         9.10           Secretaries         10.05           Library clerks         8.24           Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks         9.10           General office clerks         9.68           Teachers' aides         9.47           Administrative support, n.e.c.         9.00           Blue collar         8.00           Precision production, craft, and repair         11.06           Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.         12.07           Electricians         17.41           Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters         12.59           Construction trades, n.e.c.         8.88           Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors         7.65           Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c.         7.51           Assemblers         8.00           Production inspectors, checkers and examiners         7.43           Transportation and material moving         10.72 <td>32.34</td> <td>35.67</td> <td>43.08</td> <td>46.39</td>	32.34	35.67	43.08	46.39
Management related         16.83           Accountants and auditors         17.55           Construction inspectors         14.81           Sales         6.65           Cashiers         6.00           Administrative support, including clerical         9.10           Secretaries         10.05           Library clerks         8.24           Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks         9.10           General office clerks         9.68           Teachers' aides         9.47           Administrative support, n.e.c.         9.00           Blue collar         8.00           Precision production, craft, and repair         11.06           Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.         12.07           Electricians         17.41           Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters         12.59           Construction trades, n.e.c.         8.88           Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors         7.65           Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c.         7.51           Assemblers         8.00           Production inspectors, checkers and examiners         7.43           Transportation and material moving         10.26           Truck drivers         10.72	42.55	48.08	52.03	57.40
Accountants and auditors	16.83	20.78	24.04	27.61
Construction inspectors         14.81           Sales         6.65           Cashiers         6.00           Administrative support, including clerical         9.10           Secretaries         10.05           Library clerks         8.24           Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks         9.10           General office clerks         9.68           Teachers' aides         9.47           Administrative support, n.e.c.         9.00           Blue collar         8.00           Precision production, craft, and repair         11.06           Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.         12.07           Electricians         17.41           Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters         12.59           Construction trades, n.e.c.         8.88           Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors         7.65           Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c.         7.51           Assemblers         8.00           Production inspectors, checkers and examiners         7.43           Transportation and material moving         10.26           Truck drivers         10.72	20.41	24.04	24.04	26.30
Cashiers         6.00           Administrative support, including clerical         9.10           Secretaries         10.05           Library clerks         8.24           Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks         9.10           General office clerks         9.68           Teachers' aides         9.47           Administrative support, n.e.c.         9.00           Blue collar         8.00           Precision production, craft, and repair         11.06           Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.         12.07           Electricians         17.41           Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters         12.59           Construction trades, n.e.c.         8.88           Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors         7.65           Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c.         7.51           Assemblers         8.00           Production inspectors, checkers and examiners         7.43           Transportation and material moving         10.26           Truck drivers         10.72	16.27	19.22	23.13	24.30
Administrative support, including clerical         9.10           Secretaries         10.05           Library clerks         8.24           Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks         9.10           General office clerks         9.68           Teachers' aides         9.47           Administrative support, n.e.c.         9.00           Blue collar         8.00           Precision production, craft, and repair         11.06           Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.         12.07           Electricians         17.41           Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters         12.59           Construction trades, n.e.c.         8.88           Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors         7.65           Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c.         7.51           Assemblers         8.00           Production inspectors, checkers and examiners         7.43           Transportation and material moving         10.26           Truck drivers         10.72	8.00	10.00	12.55	18.00
Secretaries	6.60	8.08	9.25	10.90
Secretaries	10.82	12.52	14.50	17.35
Library clerks         8.24           Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks         9.10           General office clerks         9.68           Teachers' aides         9.47           Administrative support, n.e.c.         9.00           Blue collar         8.00           Precision production, craft, and repair         11.06           Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.         12.07           Electricians         17.41           Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters         12.59           Construction trades, n.e.c.         8.88           Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors         7.65           Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c.         7.51           Assemblers         8.00           Production inspectors, checkers and examiners         7.43           Transportation and material moving         10.26           Truck drivers         10.72	12.12	13.37	16.17	22.05
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	8.93	9.57	9.57	10.15
General office clerks	11.00	12.62	16.00	16.64
Administrative support, n.e.c.       9.00         Blue collar       8.00         Precision production, craft, and repair       11.06         Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.       12.07         Electricians       17.41         Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters       12.59         Construction trades, n.e.c.       8.88         Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors       7.65         Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c.       7.51         Assemblers       8.00         Production inspectors, checkers and examiners       7.43         Transportation and material moving       10.26         Truck drivers       10.72	10.85	12.00	13.80	14.79
Blue collar         8.00           Precision production, craft, and repair         11.06           Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.         12.07           Electricians         17.41           Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters         12.59           Construction trades, n.e.c.         8.88           Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors         7.65           Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c.         7.51           Assemblers         8.00           Production inspectors, checkers and examiners         7.43           Transportation and material moving         10.26           Truck drivers         10.72	10.97	11.76	12.63	14.41
Precision production, craft, and repair         11.06           Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.         12.07           Electricians         17.41           Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters         12.59           Construction trades, n.e.c.         8.88           Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors         7.65           Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c.         7.51           Assemblers         8.00           Production inspectors, checkers and examiners         7.43           Transportation and material moving         10.26           Truck drivers         10.72	10.50	12.50	13.50	14.01
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.       12.07         Electricians       17.41         Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters       12.59         Construction trades, n.e.c.       8.88         Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors       7.65         Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c.       7.51         Assemblers       8.00         Production inspectors, checkers and examiners       7.43         Transportation and material moving       10.26         Truck drivers       10.72	10.44	14.28	18.66	24.68
Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.       12.07         Electricians       17.41         Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters       12.59         Construction trades, n.e.c.       8.88         Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors       7.65         Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c.       7.51         Assemblers       8.00         Production inspectors, checkers and examiners       7.43         Transportation and material moving       10.26         Truck drivers       10.72	14.22	17.90	21.72	29.05
Electricians	13.77	16.04	18.17	19.17
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	17.71	17.71	22.19	26.81
Construction trades, n.e.c.   8.88	16.39	18.56	21.50	21.50
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c.         7.51           Assemblers         8.00           Production inspectors, checkers and examiners         7.43           Transportation and material moving         10.26           Truck drivers         10.72	9.43	13.15	17.10	17.48
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c.       7.51         Assemblers       8.00         Production inspectors, checkers and examiners       7.43         Transportation and material moving       10.26         Truck drivers       10.72	9.00	12.50	17.25	22.72
Assemblers         8.00           Production inspectors, checkers and examiners         7.43           Transportation and material moving         10.26           Truck drivers         10.72	9.00	11.46	15.60	23.30
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners 7.43  Transportation and material moving	15.00	17.25	23.90	26.26
Truck drivers	8.83	11.50	16.40	16.50
Truck drivers	11.05	15.00	18.70	20.50
	13.80	17.90	20.44	20.50
2.00	9.65	10.97	13.76	14.07
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators 10.60	11.05	16.10	16.10	22.03
Miscellaneous material moving equipment		.50		
operators, n.e.c. 10.14	10.47	12.20	15.30	17.08
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers 6.00	7.00	9.00	10.55	12.02
Stock handlers and baggers 5.75	6.50	7.75	9.75	11.00
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c. 7.00	8.00	10.00	10.50	19.90

Table 6-1. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005 — Continued

Occupation <sup>3</sup>	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Service  Protective service Firefighting Police and detectives, public service Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement officers Correctional institution officers Food service Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	\$5.97	\$7.00	\$8.75	\$11.47	\$16.42
	6.98	7.58	9.69	15.53	20.79
	11.68	12.07	13.52	15.46	17.44
	15.53	16.35	18.86	22.91	26.45
	13.56	14.24	16.25	18.32	20.97
	11.83	12.46	13.84	14.72	16.94
	2.13	3.13	7.00	8.81	11.25
	2.13	2.13	5.15	7.30	16.42
Waiters and waitresses Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants Other food service Cooks Kitchen workers, food preparation Food preparation, n.e.c.	2.13	2.13	2.13	10.00	16.42
	5.15	6.00	6.00	7.25	8.00
	6.50	7.00	7.50	9.25	10.30
	7.00	7.50	9.00	9.55	10.30
	7.00	7.08	7.50	8.75	10.00
	6.00	6.50	6.75	7.50	8.75
Health service	7.61	8.40	9.41	10.49	11.61
	7.61	8.40	9.35	10.28	10.83
	7.67	8.16	9.79	11.47	12.26
	7.80	8.00	9.47	11.10	12.25
	6.00	6.25	8.75	10.88	15.73

<sup>1</sup> Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays;

nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown

<sup>2</sup> All workers include full-time and part-time workers.
3 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for

Table 6-2. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, private industry, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005

	Private industry						
Occupation <sup>3</sup>			Median				
	10	25	50	75	90		
All	\$7.00	\$9.00	\$13.24	\$20.74	\$29.15		
All excluding sales	7.00	9.27	13.80	21.39	30.65		
White collar	9.00	11.50	16.55	25.50	47.38		
White collar excluding sales	10.87	13.50	20.53	27.23	48.08		
Professional specialty and technical	14.00	16.52	22.10	25.85	30.25		
Professional specialty	14.55	20.65	23.18	26.15	35.03		
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	22.74	23.08	23.08	26.75	30.65		
Mathematical and computer scientists  Health related	- 13.67	_ 15.75	21.20	25.45	29.27		
Registered nurses	15.45	18.25	21.41	25.11	27.00		
Teachers, college and university	-	-		_	_		
Teachers, except college and university	20.01	21.83	23.04	25.77	31.67		
Librarians, archivists, and curators	_	_	_	_	_		
Social scientists and urban planners	_	_	_	_	-		
Social, recreation, and religious workers	_	-	_	_	_		
Lawyers and judges	_	_	_	_	_		
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and professionals, n.e.c.	_	_	_	_			
Technical	13.52	15.50	17.50	22.87	26.50		
Licensed practical nurses	13.00	14.16	15.32	15.80	17.50		
Executive, administrative, and managerial	16.83	24.04	40.27	51.87	57.40		
Executives, administrators, and managers	27.53	37.50	48.08	52.03	57.40		
Managers and administrators, n.e.c	30.50	42.81	48.08	52.03	57.40		
Management related	16.83	17.22	20.78	24.04	29.31		
Accountants and auditors	19.84	24.04	24.04	24.04	26.30		
Sales	6.60	8.00	10.00	12.30	18.05		
Cashiers	6.00	6.50	8.00	9.25	10.90		
Administrative support, including clerical	9.00	10.60	12.49	14.22	17.00		
Secretaries	9.33	11.00	12.37	14.25	21.92		
Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks General office clerks	9.10 10.05	10.07 11.00	12.14 12.50	16.00 13.80	16.38 14.36		
Blue collar	7.95	10.14	15.00	18.70	24.68		
Precision production, craft, and repair	11.06	15.03	18.17	22.26	29.05		
Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	12.59	16.39	18.56	21.50	21.50		
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	7.60	9.00	12.70	17.25	22.74		
Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c.	7.51	9.00	11.46	15.60	23.30		
Assemblers	8.00	15.00	17.25	23.90	26.26		
Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	7.43	8.83	11.50	16.40	16.50		
Transportation and material moving	10.25	11.05	16.10	18.70	20.50		
Truck driversIndustrial truck and tractor equipment operators	12.00 10.60	15.00 11.05	18.70 16.10	20.50 16.10	20.50 22.03		
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	6.00	7.00	8.92	10.44	11.01		
Stock handlers and baggers	5.75	6.50	7.75	9.75	11.01		
Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	7.00	8.00	10.00	10.50	19.90		
Service	2.35	6.74	8.00	9.38	11.15		
Protective service	-	_	-		-		
Food service	2.13	2.35	6.75	8.50	11.00		
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	2.13	2.13	5.15	7.30	16.42		
Waiters and waitresses	2.13	2.13	2.13	10.00	16.42		
Waiters'/Waitresses' assistants	5.15	6.00	6.00	7.25	8.00		
Other food service	6.50	7.00	7.50	9.00	10.00		
	7.00	7.50	9.00	9.55	10.30		
	7 00	l 7∩Ω	/ 50				
Kitchen workers, food preparation Food preparation, n.e.c.	7.00 6.00	7.08 6.25	7.50 6.50	8.75 7.00	10.00 7.50		

Table 6-2. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 all workers: 2 Selected occupations, private industry, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005 Continued

	Private industry					
Occupation <sup>3</sup>	10	25	Median 50	75	90	
Service –Continued  Health service –Continued  Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants  Cleaning and building service  Janitors and cleaners  Personal service	\$7.67 7.50 7.65 6.00	\$8.40 8.00 8.00 6.25	\$9.30 10.38 9.27 6.40	\$9.94 11.47 11.10 8.75	\$10.80 12.26 11.47 8.75	

<sup>1</sup> Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate rotin percentule, one-tourn are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays;

nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> All workers include full-time and part-time workers.

<sup>3</sup> A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for

Table 6-3. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, all workers: Selected occupations, State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005

All	O	State and local government						
Mite collar	Occupation <sup>3</sup>	10	25		75	90		
Mite collar	ΔII	\$10.43	\$12.97	\$17.78	\$26.88	\$34.79		
White collar excluding sales		· ·	1 '					
White collar excluding sales	White collar	11.50	15.29	24.40	31.35	38.46		
Professional specially		11.82	15.90	24.57	31.49	38.64		
Engineers, architects, and surveyors	Professional specialty and technical	17.47	24.14	27.88	33.78	40.50		
Mathematical and computer scientists		-	24.40	28.19	34.10	40.79		
Health related   17.72   19.81   23.61   29.50   65.78				_	_	_		
Registered nurses				-	-	-		
Teachers, except college and university								
Elementary school teachers								
Secondary school teachers								
Librarians, archivists, and curators			_	1				
Social scientists and urban planners			20.72	30.27	35.26	41.71		
Social, recreation, and religious workers			_	_	_	_		
Social workers						25.24		
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and professionals, n.e.c.         -								
Professionals, n.e.c.		14.00	15.01	10.30	25.05	25.24		
Technical		_	_	_	_	_		
Executives, administrators, and managers			15.02	17.83	21.81	24.42		
Executives, administrators, and managers	Executive administrative and managerial	16 27	19.57	25 40	35.35	41 18		
Administrators and officials, public administration Management related						_		
Management related Construction inspectors         14.81 14.81         16.37 16.27         18.85 19.22         22.17 23.13         24.30           Sales         -				-				
Construction inspectors				1				
Administrative support, including clerical         9.57         11.13         12.77         15.85         18.17           Secretaries         11.68         13.07         14.47         17.35         22.05           Library clerks         8.24         8.93         9.57         9.57         10.15           General office clerks         9.36         10.75         11.84         14.15         16.14           Teachers' aides         9.47         10.97         11.76         12.63         14.41           Administrative support, n.e.c.         8.65         10.50         11.74         12.53         15.00           Blue collar         9.93         11.13         13.85         17.33         21.81           Precision production, craft, and repair         11.60         13.85         16.14         20.26         23.88           Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors         -	•							
Secretaries	Sales	-	_	_	_	-		
Secretaries	Administrative support, including clerical	9.57	11.13	12.77	15.85	18.17		
General office clerks	••••	11.68	13.07	14.47	17.35	22.05		
General office clerks			8.93	9.57	9.57	10.15		
Administrative support, n.e.c.   8.65   10.50   11.74   12.53   15.00			10.75	11.84	14.15	16.14		
Precision production, craft, and repair	Teachers' aides	9.47	10.97	11.76	12.63	14.41		
Precision production, craft, and repair         11.60         13.85         16.14         20.26         23.88           Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors         -         15.09         18.00	Administrative support, n.e.c.	8.65	10.50	11.74	12.53	15.00		
Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors         - </td <td>Blue collar</td> <td>9.93</td> <td>11.13</td> <td>13.85</td> <td>17.33</td> <td>21.81</td>	Blue collar	9.93	11.13	13.85	17.33	21.81		
Transportation and material moving         10.34         10.72         12.10         14.04         15.91           Bus drivers         9.80         10.83         12.79         13.90         15.09           Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers         7.16         8.56         11.39         13.01         16.01           Service         8.79         11.35         14.20         17.83         24.31           Protective service         12.02         13.84         16.11         19.45         26.02           Firefighting         11.68         12.07         13.52         15.46         17.44           Police and detectives, public service         15.53         16.35         18.86         22.91         26.45           Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement officers         13.56         14.24         16.25         18.32         20.97           Correctional institution officers         11.83         12.46         13.84         14.72         16.94           Food service         -	Precision production, craft, and repair	11.60	13.85	16.14	20.26	23.88		
Bus drivers	Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	-	-	-	-	-		
Bus drivers	Transportation and material moving	10.34	10.72	12 10	14 04	15 91		
Service         8.79         11.35         14.20         17.83         24.31           Protective service         12.02         13.84         16.11         19.45         26.02           Firefighting         11.68         12.07         13.52         15.46         17.44           Police and detectives, public service         15.53         16.35         18.86         22.91         26.45           Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement officers         13.56         14.24         16.25         18.32         20.97           Correctional institution officers         11.83         12.46         13.84         14.72         16.94           Food service         -			-					
Protective service         12.02         13.84         16.11         19.45         26.02           Firefighting         11.68         12.07         13.52         15.46         17.44           Police and detectives, public service         15.53         16.35         18.86         22.91         26.45           Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement officers         13.56         14.24         16.25         18.32         20.97           Correctional institution officers         11.83         12.46         13.84         14.72         16.94           Food service         -	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	7.16	8.56	11.39	13.01	16.01		
Protective service         12.02         13.84         16.11         19.45         26.02           Firefighting         11.68         12.07         13.52         15.46         17.44           Police and detectives, public service         15.53         16.35         18.86         22.91         26.45           Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement officers         13.56         14.24         16.25         18.32         20.97           Correctional institution officers         11.83         12.46         13.84         14.72         16.94           Food service         -	Service	8.79	11.35	14.20	17.83	24.31		
Firefighting       11.68       12.07       13.52       15.46       17.44         Police and detectives, public service       15.53       16.35       18.86       22.91       26.45         Sheriffs, bailliffs, and other law enforcement officers       13.56       14.24       16.25       18.32       20.97         Correctional institution officers       11.83       12.46       13.84       14.72       16.94         Food service       -       -       -       -       -       -       -         Other food service       -       -       -       -       -       -       -								
Police and detectives, public service   15.53   16.35   18.86   22.91   26.45	Firefighting		1	1		17.44		
Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement officers         10       13.56       14.24       16.25       18.32       20.97         10       11.83       12.46       13.84       14.72       16.94         10						1		
Correctional institution officers       11.83       12.46       13.84       14.72       16.94         Food service       -	Sheriffs, bailiffs, and other law enforcement		1	[				
Food service			14.24	16.25	18.32	20.97		
Other food service			12.46	13.84	14.72	16.94		
			-	-		_		
Health service   7.61   8.55   0.01   11.32   13.04			-	<u> </u>				
7.01   0.00   0.01   11.02   13.04	Health service	7.61	8.55	9.91	11.32	13.04		

Table 6-3. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, all workers: Selected occupations, State and local government, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005 — Continued

Occuration 3	State and local government					
Occupation <sup>3</sup>	10	25	Median 50	75	90	
Service –Continued Cleaning and building service		\$8.59 8.59 10.28	\$9.56 9.56 11.63	\$11.30 11.30 15.73	\$12.39 12.39 16.37	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays;

nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown

<sup>2</sup> All workers include full-time and part-time workers.
3 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

Table 6-4. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 full-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005

	Occupation <sup>3</sup>	10	25	Median 50	75	90
All		\$8.91	\$11.10	\$16.09	\$24.04	\$33.48
All exc	cluding sales	9.00	11.40	16.42	24.40	34.41
	ollar	10.36	13.29	20.00	28.18	43.65
vvni	te collar excluding sales	11.39	14.00	21.60	30.25	45.92
	ssional specialty and technicalfessional specialty	15.32 16.90	19.00 22.63	24.57 25.95	30.17 31.84	37.62 39.90
	ngineers, architects, and surveyors	22.74	23.08	24.04	29.90	32.21
N	lathematical and computer scientists	_	_		_	_
Н	lealth related	13.67	15.75	21.16	25.49	31.46
т	Registered nurseseachers, college and university	15.45 —	17.69	21.41	24.93	26.68
	eachers, except college and university	23.88	26.28	30.01	34.98	41.71
	Elementary school teachers	24.43	26.69	30.25	34.79	40.43
	Secondary school teachers	24.92	26.72	30.52	35.66	41.71
Li	ibrarians, archivists, and curators	24.15	26.39	32.83	34.51	38.73
	Librarians	24.15	26.39	32.83	34.51	38.73
	ocial scientists and urban planners	<del>-</del>		<u> </u>		
S	ocial, recreation, and religious workers	14.72	16.53	21.60	25.85	25.85
	Social workers	14.72	16.53	21.60	25.85	25.85
	awyers and judgesVriters, authors, entertainers, athletes, and	_	_	_	_	_
•	professionals, n.e.c.	_	_	_	_	_
Tec	hnical	13.52	15.50	18.00	22.95	26.35
	Licensed practical nurses	12.37	14.00	15.32	15.80	17.49
Fyecu	tive, administrative, and managerial	16.83	24.04	34.27	48.08	57.29
	xecutives, administrators, and managers	26.42	34.00	47.26	52.03	57.40
_	Administrators and officials, public administration	25.40	32.34	35.67	43.08	46.39
	Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	30.50	42.55	48.08	52.03	57.40
N	lanagement related	16.83	16.83	20.78	24.04	27.61
	Accountants and auditors	17.55	20.56	24.04	24.04	26.30
	Construction inspectors	14.81	16.27	19.22	23.13	24.30
Sales		7.73	9.01	11.07	14.42	18.75
	Sales, other business services Cashiers	7.00 6.60	7.45 8.55	8.00 9.50	10.00 11.00	26.68 12.30
Admir	nistrative support, including clerical	9.32	11.07	12.69	14.74	17.54
	Secretaries	11.00	12.37	13.53	16.28	22.05
	Bookkeepers, accounting and auditing clerks	9.10	11.00	12.62	16.00	16.64
	General office clerks	9.68	10.85	12.00	13.80	14.79
	Teachers' aides	9.47	10.97	11.76	12.63	14.41
	Administrative support, n.e.c	9.00	10.50	12.50	13.50	14.01
Blue col	lar	9.00	10.72	15.40	19.00	24.68
Precis	sion production, craft, and repair	11.50	14.52	18.17	21.81	29.05
	Mechanics and repairers, n.e.c.	12.07	13.77	16.04	18.17	19.17
	Electricians	17.41	17.71	17.71	22.19	26.81
	Plumbers, pipefitters and steamfitters	12.59	16.39	18.56	21.50	21.50
	Construction trades, n.e.c.	8.88	9.43	13.15	17.10	17.48
Machi	ne operators, assemblers, and inspectors	7.65	9.00	12.50	17.25	22.72
	Miscellaneous machine operators, n.e.c	7.51	9.00	11.46	15.60	23.30
	Assemblers	8.00	15.00	17.25	23.90	26.26
	Production inspectors, checkers and examiners	7.43	8.83	11.50	16.40	16.50
Trans	portation and material moving	10.60	11.61	15.24	18.70	20.50
	Truck drivers	11.00	13.95	18.28	20.50	20.50
	Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	10.60	11.05	16.10	16.10	22.03
	Miscellaneous material moving equipment operators, n.e.c.	10.14	10.47	12.20	15.30	17.08
المماا	ore aguinment cleaners helpers and leberers	9 00	0.75	10.00	10.04	12.04
nandi	ers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers Freight, stock, and material handlers, n.e.c	8.00	8.75	10.00	10.94	12.84 19.90
		7.00	8.00	9.75	10.50	19.90
	Laborers, except construction, n.e.c.	8.50	8.50	9.00	10.00	11.39

Table 6-4. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 full-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005 -Continued

Occupation <sup>3</sup>	10	25	Median 50	75	90
Service	\$6.69	\$8.25	\$9.93	\$13.88	\$18.23
	7.00	8.52	12.50	16.83	22.42
	11.68	12.07	13.52	15.46	17.44
	15.53	16.35	18.86	22.91	26.45
	13.56	14.24	16.25	18.32	20.97
	11.83	12.46	13.84	14.72	16.94
	2.13	2.13	8.00	10.07	16.42
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders Other food service Health service Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants Cleaning and building service Janitors and cleaners Personal service	2.13	2.13	2.13	8.50	18.23
	-	-	-	-	-
	8.40	9.00	9.55	10.80	12.63
	8.40	9.00	9.55	10.28	11.07
	7.67	9.20	10.44	11.47	13.04
	7.75	8.95	10.44	11.47	12.54
	6.25	6.40	8.75	11.63	15.74

Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time

schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in

another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

3 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown separately.

Table 6-5. Hourly wage percentiles for establishment jobs, 1 part-time workers: 2 Selected occupations, all industries, National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005

Occupation <sup>3</sup>	10	25	Median 50	75	90
All	\$6.00	\$6.50	\$7.72	\$9.45	\$11.90
All excluding sales	\$6.00 5.75	6.50	7.60	9.45 9.41	12.41
MIL Steer of Hear	0.05	7.40	0.45	44.00	04.50
White collar	6.25	7.43	9.15	11.63	21.52
White collar excluding sales	8.20	9.17	14.22	21.95	25.95
Professional specialty and technical	13.62	15.74	21.20	25.26	28.37
Professional specialty	10.00	20.95	23.04	25.91	28.75
Health related	20.95	21.20	24.26	27.00	39.75
Registered nurses	20.95	21.20	23.60	25.91	28.16
Teachers, college and university	_	_	_		_
Teachers, except college and university	_	_	_	_	_
Writers, authors, entertainers, athletes, and					
professionals, n.e.c	_	_	_	_	_
Technical	-	_	_	_	_
Executive, administrative, and managerial	_	_	_	_	_
Executives, administrators, and managers	_	_	_	_	_
Management related	-	-	-	-	-
Sales	6.25	6.60	8.03	9.50	10.90
Cashiers	6.00	6.50	7.82	9.00	9.35
Administrative support, including clerical	8.20	8.50	9.33	11.38	14.13
Blue collar	5.75	6.00	7.75	10.00	11.90
Precision production, craft, and repair	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation and material moving	8.30	8.74	9.80	11.53	12.81
Bus drivers	8.30	9.65	9.80	11.53	13.06
Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	5.75	6.00	6.75	8.56	10.65
Stock handlers and baggers	5.50	6.00	6.50	7.68	8.00
Service	4.00	6.25	7.08	8.22	9.51
Protective service	-				
Food service	2.13	6.00	6.50	7.50	9.00
Waiters, waitresses, and bartenders	2.13	2.13	5.15	6.00	10.00
Other food service	6.25	6.75	7.00	7.95	9.00
Kitchen workers, food preparation	6.75	7.08	7.35	8.32	9.29
Food preparation, n.e.c.	6.00	6.50	6.75	7.50	8.75
Health service	7.27	7.61	8.50	10.24	10.82
Nursing aides, orderlies and attendants	7.21	7.61	8.53	10.28	10.82
Cleaning and building service	_	_	_	_	_
Personal service	6.00	6.00	6.00	10.28	10.58

<sup>1</sup> Percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution and are calculated from individual-worker earnings and the hours they are scheduled to work. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic. Hourly wages are the straight-time wages or salaries paid to employees. They include incentive pay, cost-of-living adjustments, and hazard pay. Excluded are premium pay for overtime, vacations, and holidays; nonproduction bonuses; and tips.

2 Employees are classified as working either a full-time or a part-time

schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. Therefore, a worker with a 35-hour-per-week schedule might be considered a full-time employee in one establishment, but classified as part-time in another firm, where a 40-hour week is the minimum full-time schedule.

3 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations

3 A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data did not meet publication criteria, and n.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." Overall occupational groups may include data for categories not shown

# **Appendix A: Technical Note**

This section provides basic information on the procedures and concepts used to produce the data contained in this bulletin. It is divided into three parts: Planning for the survey; data collection; and processing and analyzing the data. Although this section answers some questions commonly asked by data users, it is not a comprehensive description of all of the steps required to produce the data.

# Planning for the survey

The overall design of the National Compensation Survey (NCS) includes questions of scope, frame, and sample selection.

#### Survey scope

This survey covered establishments employing 50 workers or more in goods-producing industries (mining, construction and manufacturing); service-producing industries (transportation, communications, electric, gas, and sanitary services; wholesale trade; retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and services industries); and State and local governments. Agriculture, private households, and the Federal Government were excluded from the scope of the survey. For purposes of this survey, an establishment is an economic unit that produces goods or services, a central administrative office, or an auxiliary unit providing support services to a company. For private industries in this survey, the establishment is usually at a single physical location. For State and local governments, an establishment is defined as all locations of a government entity.

The Norfolk–Virginia Beach–Newport News, VA–NC, Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Chesapeake, Hampton, Newport News, Norfolk, Poquoson, Portsmouth, Suffolk, Virginia Beach, and Williamsburg Cities, and Gloucester, Isle of Wight, James City, Mathews, and York Counties, VA; and Currituck County, NC.

#### Sampling frame

The list of establishments from which the survey sample was selected (sampling frame) was developed from State unemployment insurance reports. Due to the volatility of industries within the private sector, sampling frames were developed using the most recent month of reference available at the time the sample was selected. The sampling frame was reviewed prior to the survey and, when necessary, missing establishments were added, out-of-business

and out-of-scope establishments were removed, and addresses, employment levels, industry classification, and other information were updated. Approximately one-fifth of the sample is reselected each year.

## Sample design

The sample for this survey area was selected using a twostage stratified design with probability proportional to employment sampling at each stage. The first stage of sample selection was a probability sample of establishments. The sample of establishments was drawn by first stratifying the sampling frame by industry and ownership. The number of sample establishments allocated to each stratum is approximately proportional to the stratum employment. Each sampled establishment is selected within a stratum with a probability proportional to its employment. Use of this technique means that the larger an establishment's employment, the greater its chance of selection. Weights were applied to each establishment when the data were tabulated so that it represents similar units (by industry and employment size) in the economy that were not selected for collection. The second stage of sample selection, detailed below, was a probability sample of occupations within a sampled establishment.

#### Data collection

The collection of data from survey respondents required detailed procedures. Field economists collected the data, working out of the Bureau of Labor Statistics' (BLS) Regional Offices and visiting each establishment surveyed. Other contact methods, such as mail and telephone, were used to follow up and update data.

#### Occupational selection and classification

Identification of the occupations for which wage data were to be collected was a multistep process:

- 1. Probability-proportional-to-size selection of establishment jobs
- 2. Classification of jobs into occupations based on the Census of Population system
- Characterization of jobs as full-time versus parttime, union versus nonunion, and time versus incentive
- 4. Determination of the level of work of each job

For each occupation, wage data were collected for those workers whose jobs could be characterized by the criteria identified in the last three steps. Special procedures were developed for jobs for which a level could not be determined.

In step one, the jobs to be sampled were selected at each establishment by the BLS field economist during a personal visit. A complete list of employees was used for sampling, with each selected worker representing a job within the establishment.

As with the selection of establishments, the selection of a job was based on probability proportional to its size in the establishment. The greater the number of people working in a job in the establishment, the greater its chance of selection.

The number of jobs for which data were collected in each establishment was based on the establishment's employment size. Prior to 2002, the number of jobs selected ranged from 8 to 20. Beginning in 2002, the number of jobs selected followed this schedule:

Number	Number
of employees	of selected jobs
50–249	6
250 or more	8

The second step of the process entailed classifying the selected jobs into occupations based on their duties. The NCS occupational classification system is based on the 1990 Census of Population. A selected job may fall into any one of about 480 occupational classifications, from accountant to wood lathe operator. For cases in which a job's duties overlapped two or more census classification codes, the duties used to set the wage level were used to classify the job. Classification by primary duties was the fallback.

Each occupational classification is an element of a broader classification known as a major occupational group (MOG). Occupations can fall into any of the following MOGs:

- Professional specialty and technical
- Executive, administrative, and managerial
- Sales
- Administrative support, including clerical
- Precision production, craft, and repair
- Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors
- Transportation and material moving
- Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers
- Service occupations

Appendix B contains a complete list of all individual occupations, classified by the MOG to which they belong.

In step three, certain other job characteristics of the chosen worker were identified. First, the worker was iden-

tified as holding either a full-time or part-time job, based on the establishment's definition of those terms. Then, the worker was classified as having a time versus incentive job, depending on whether any part of pay was directly based on the actual production of the worker, rather than solely on hours worked. Finally, the worker was identified as being in a union job or a nonunion job. See the "Definition of terms" section on the following page for more detail.

#### Occupational leveling

In the last step before wage data were collected, the work level of each selected job was determined using a "point factor leveling" process. Point factor leveling matches certain aspects of a job to specific levels of work with assigned point values. Points for each factor are then totaled to determine the overall work level for the job.

The NCS program is in the process of converting from a nine-factor to a four-factor occupational leveling system. The conversion is being phased in via annual NCS sample replenishment groups and will require several years for full implementation. The four occupational leveling factors are:

- Knowledge
- Job controls and complexity
- Contacts (nature and purpose)
- Physical environment

Each factor consists of several levels, and each level has an associated description and assigned points. The knowledge factor is tailored to 24 families of closely related occupations. A knowledge guide for each of the 24 families contains short definitions of the point levels of knowledge expected for the occupations and presents relevant examples. The other three factors use identical descriptions for all occupational categories and contain a definition of each point level within each factor.

The description within each factor best matching the job is chosen. The point levels within each factor are designed to describe the thresholds of distinct levels of work. When a job does not meet the full description of a point level, the next lowest point level is used. Points for the four factors are totaled to determine the overall work level. NCS publishes data for up to 15 work levels.

Most supervisory occupations are evaluated based on their duties and responsibilities. A modified approach is used for professional and administrative supervisors when they direct professional work and are paid primarily to supervise. Such supervisory occupations are leveled based on the work level of the highest position reporting to them.

For a complete description of point factor leveling, refer to the publication "National Compensation Survey: Guide for Evaluating Your Firm's Jobs and Pay," available at the BLS National Compensation Survey Internet site at <a href="http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ocs/sp/ncbr0004.pdf">http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ocs/sp/ncbr0004.pdf</a>.

## **Collection period**

Survey data were collected over a 13-month period for 60 metropolitan areas in the NCS program. For 20 small metropolitan areas, data were collected over a 4-month period. For each establishment in the survey, the data reflect the establishment's most recent information at the time of collection. The payroll reference month shown in the tables reflects the average date of this information for all sample units.

### **Earnings**

Earnings were defined as regular payments from the employer to the employee as compensation for straight-time hourly work, or for any salaried work performed. The following components were included as part of earnings:

- Incentive pay, including commissions, production bonuses, and piece rates
- Cost-of-living allowances
- Hazard pay
- Payments of income deferred due to participation in a salary reduction plan
- Deadhead pay, defined as pay given to transportation workers returning in a vehicle without freight or passengers

The following forms of payments were *not* considered part of straight-time earnings:

- Shift differentials, defined as extra payment for working a schedule that varies from the norm, such as night or weekend work
- Premium pay for overtime, holidays, and weekends
- Bonuses not directly tied to production (such as Christmas and profit-sharing bonuses)
- Uniform and tool allowances
- Free room and board
- Payments made by third parties (for example, tips, bonuses given by manufacturers to department store salespeople, referral incentives in real estate)
- On-call pay

To calculate earnings for various periods (hourly, weekly, and annual), data on work schedules also were collected. For hourly workers, scheduled hours worked per day and per week, exclusive of overtime, were recorded. Annual weeks worked were determined. Because salaried workers who are exempt from overtime provisions often work beyond the assigned work schedule, their typical number of hours actually worked was collected.

#### **Definition of terms**

*Full-time worker*. Any employee whom the employer considers to be full time.

*Incentive worker.* Any employee whose earnings are tied, at least in part, to commissions, piece rates, production bonuses, or other incentives based on production or sales.

*Level.* A ranking of an occupation based on the requirements of the position. (See the description in the technical note on occupational leveling through point factor analysis for more details on the leveling process.)

*Nonunion worker.* An employee in an occupation not meeting the conditions for union coverage. (See below.)

*Part-time worker*. Any employee whom the employer considers to be part time.

*Time-based worker*. Any employee whose earnings are tied to an hourly rate or salary, and not to a specific level of production.

*Union worker*. Any employee is in a union occupation when all of the following conditions are met:

- A labor organization is recognized as the bargaining agent for all workers in the occupation
- Wage and salary rates are determined through collective bargaining or negotiations
- Settlement terms, which must include earnings provisions and may include benefit provisions, are embodied in a signed, mutually binding collective bargaining agreement

# Processing and analyzing the data

Data were processed and analyzed at the BLS National Office following collection.

## Weighting and nonresponse

Sample weights were calculated for each establishment and occupation in the survey. These weights reflected the relative size of the occupation within the establishment and of the establishment within the sample universe. Weights were used to aggregate data for the individual establishments or occupations into the various data series. Some of the establishments surveyed could not supply or refused to supply information. If data were not provided by a sample member, the weights of responding sample members in the same or similar "cells" were adjusted to account for the missing data. This technique assumes that the mean value of data for the nonrespondents equals the mean value of data for the respondents at some detailed "cell" level. Responding and nonresponding establishments were classified into these cells according to industry and employment size. Responding and nonresponding occupations within responding establishments were classified into cells that were additionally defined by major occupation group.

Establishments that were determined to be out of business or outside the scope of the survey had their weights changed to zero. If only partial data were given by a sample establishment or occupation, or data were missing, the response was treated as a refusal.

### Survey response

	Establish- ments
Total in sampling frame	1,915
Total in sample	251
Responding	161
Out of business or not in survey scope	22
Unable or refused to provide data	68

In this survey, the nonresponse rates for all industries and private industry exceeded regular survey standards.

#### **Estimation**

The wage series in the tables are computed by combining the wages for each sampled occupation. Before being combined, individual wage rates are weighted by the number of workers; the sample weight, adjusted for nonresponding establishments and other factors; and the occupation's scheduled hours of work.

Not all calculated series met the criteria for publication. Before any series was published, it was reviewed to make sure that the number of observations underlying it was sufficient. This review prevented the publication of a series that could have revealed information about a specific establishment.

Estimates of the number of workers represent the total in all establishments within the scope of the study, and not the number actually surveyed. Because occupational structures among establishments differ, estimates of the number of workers obtained from the sample of establishments serve to indicate only the relative importance of the occupational groups studied.

#### **Percentiles**

The percentiles presented in tables 6–1 through 6–5 are computed using earnings reported for individual workers in sampled establishment jobs and their scheduled hours of work. Establishments in the survey may report only individual-worker earnings for each sampled job. For the calculation of percentile estimates, the individual-worker hourly earnings are appropriately weighted and then arrayed from lowest to highest.

The published 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th percentiles designate position in the earnings distribution within each published occupation. At the 50th percentile, the median, half of the hours are paid the same as or more than the rate shown, and half are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 25th percentile, one-fourth of the hours are paid the same as or less than the rate shown. At the 75th percentile, one-fourth are paid the same as or more than the rate shown. The 10th and 90th percentiles follow the same logic.

# Data reliability

The data in this bulletin are estimates from a scientifically selected probability sample. There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey, sampling and nonsampling.

Sampling errors occur because observations come only from a sample and not from an entire population. The sample used for this survey is one of a number of possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the sample design. Estimates derived from the different samples would differ from each other.

A measure of the variation among these differing estimates is called the standard error or sampling error. It indicates the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error divided by the estimate. RSE data are provided alongside the earnings data in the bulletin tables.

The standard error can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. As an example, suppose a table shows that mean hourly earnings for all workers were \$12.79, with a relative standard error of 3.6 percent for this estimate. At the 90-percent level, the confidence interval for this estimate is from \$12.03 to \$13.55 (\$12.79 minus and plus \$0.76, where \$0.76 is the product of 1.645 times 3.6 percent times \$12.79). If all possible samples were selected to estimate the population value, the interval from each sample would include the true population value approximately 90 percent of the time.

Nonsampling errors also affect survey results. They can stem from many sources, such as inability to obtain information for some establishments, difficulties with survey definitions, inability of the respondents to provide correct information, or mistakes in recording or coding the data obtained. Although they were not specifically measured, the nonsampling errors were expected to be minimal due to the extensive training of the field economists who gathered the survey data by personal visit, computer edits of the data, and detailed data review.

 $\label{lem:powers} \begin{tabular}{ll} Appendix table 1. Number of workers $^1$ represented by the survey, by occupational group, $^2$ National Compensation Survey, Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005 $^2$ National Compensation Survey $^2$ National Compensation Survey $^2$ Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005 $^2$ National Compensation Survey $^2$ Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005 $^2$ National Compensation Survey $^2$ Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005 $^2$ National Compensation Survey $^2$ Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport News, VA-NC, June 2005 $^2$ Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Newport Newport Newpo$ 

	Full-time and part-time workers					
Occupational group	Total	Private industry	State and local government			
All occupations		223,900 199,700	69,500 68,600			
White collar		98,600 74,400	44,200 43,300			
Professional specialty and technical	44,200 11,600 24,200 25,100	27,900 17,000 10,800 19,500 24,200 27,100	27,900 27,100 800 4,700 – 10,700			
Blue collar  Precision production, craft, and repair  Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors  Transportation and material moving  Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	29,600 15,300 15,500	68,100 24,700 15,000 11,200 17,200	11,300 4,900 - 4,400 1,800			
Service	71,200	57,300	14,000			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The number of workers represented by the survey are rounded to the nearest 100. Estimates of the number of workers provide a description of size and composition of the labor force included in the survey. Estimates are not intended, however, for comparison to other statistical series to measure employment trends or levels. Both full-time and part-time workers were included in the survey.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data  $\operatorname{did}$  not meet publication criteria.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  A classification system including about 480 individual occupations is used to cover all workers in the civilian economy. See appendix B for more information.